BUSINESS CARDS.

AMES SIMPSON......JOHN L. SCOTT JOHN A. MARSHALL.....JAS. P. DICKINSON. SIMPSON & SCOTT, Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

heretofore occupied by John L. Scott. James Simeson and Jone L. Scott will here after princtice law in partership in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort. Judge Simpson would respectfully refer to all persons who have known him, either at the Bar or as Cirenit Judge in early life, or more recently as Juge of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, John L. Scott would refer to the persons heretofore referred to by him in his published card.

All business in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court entrusted to this firm will receive faithful and prompt attention.

FRANKFORT, KY.,

A. J. JAMES, Attorney and Counselor at Law, FRANKFORT, KY. TIP Office on West side St. Clair street, near the ourt-house. feb26 w&t-wtf

JAMES P. METCALF, Attorney at Law, FRANKFORT, KY. WILL practice in the Court of Appeals, Office on St. Clair street, over Drs. Sneed & Rodman's.

JOHN RODMAN,

Attorney at Law, ST. CLAIR STREFT. Two doors North of the Court-House, FRANKFORT, KY G. W. CRANDOCK CHAS. F. CRADDOCK

CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK, Attorneys at Law. FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE on St. Cl is street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.
Will practice law in copartnership in nll the Courts holden in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.

P. U. MAJOR, Attorney at Law, FRANKFORT, KY. OFFICE on St. Clair street, near the Court House Will practice in the Urenit Courts of the St Jucicial District, Court of Appeals, Federal Court and all other courts held in Frankfort.

JOHN E. HAMILTON, Attorney and Counselor at Law, N. E. CORNER SCOTT AND FOURTH STS., COVINGTON, KY.

W. H.f. practice in the counties of Kenton, Campbell, Pendleton, and Boone.
Tr Collections also made in the city of Ciucinnatiand county of Hamilton, State of Ohio.

dec6 t-w&w6in

MEDICAL CARD. Dr. J. G. KEENON, HAVING permanently located in Frankfort, tenders his protessional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity.

IF Office on Main street, in Mansion flouse, 2d door from corner.

T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY, Attorneys at Law, FRANKFORT, KY. WILL practice law in all the Courts in Frankfort and the adjoining counties. Office on St. Clair street, four doors from the bridge, deel t wat-wif

LAW NOTICE.

JAS. B. CLAY THOS, B. MONROE, JR CLAY & MONROE, WILL practice law in the United States, Circuit.
and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the
Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided
to them will receive prompt attention.
Address Thomas B. Monroc, office Short street, Lexington.

THOS. B. MONROE, Jr., Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished professional business of the latellon. Ben, Monroe. Communications addressed to bim at Frankfort will receive prompt attention.

2pr? w&t-wtf

JOHN M. HARLAN, Attorney at Law, FRANKFORT, KY.

ILTOffice on St. Clair street, with James Harlan. LIGE ARNOLD, Attorney at Law,

NEW LIBERTY, KY. WILL practice in the Courts of Owen, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, and Henry counties.

Collections in nm, of the above counties promptly attended to.

apr. w&t-wtf E. A. W. ROBERTS,

Attorney at Law, FALMOUTH, KY. WILL practice in the Pendleton Circuit Court and in the courts of the adjoining counties, MTOthec on Market street. mny 19 tf

GEORGE E. ROE, Attorney at Law, GREENUPSBURG, KY. 17 1LL practice law in the counties of Greenup Lewis, Cartor, and Lawrence, and in the Court of Appeals.
Office on Main street, opposite the Court-House.

JOHN A. MONROE, Attorney and Counsclor at Law, FRANKFORT, KY ..

WILL practice law in the Court of Appeals, in the Franklin Circuit Court, and all other State Courts held in Frankfort, and will attend to the collection of dehts for non residents in any part of the State,
He will as Commissioner of Deeds, take the acknowledgeneuts of deeds, and other writing to be used or
recorded in other States; and, as Commissioner unver the act of Congress, attend to the taking of depositions efficients and sitions, affidavits, etc.
IT TIFFICE, "Old Bank," opposite Mansion House
nov15 tf

JOHN M. McCALLA, Attorney at Law, and General Agent, WASHINGTON, CITY, D. C. WILL attend particularly to SUSPENDED and REJECTED CLAIMS—where based upon the want of official records.

JOHN W. VOORHIS, Merchant Tailor, South side Main Street,

Opposite Gray & Tood's Grocery Store, FRANKFORT, KY., HAS just received his large and extensive stock of Fall and Winter Goods,

Consisting of Cloths, Cannimeres, and Vestings, of the best quality, and of the last styles and patterns. He also has on hand a large assortment of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, And everything necessary for furnishing a gentle-man's outire wardrobe. man's onthe wardrose.

| All work warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as at any other establishment in the Western country.
| No Fit No Sale. | Cotton of the warranted to be a sale. | Cotton of the warranted to be a sale. | Cotton of the warranted to be a sale. | Cotton of the warranted to be a sale. | Cotton of the warranted to be a sale. | Cotton of the warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as a sale warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as a sale warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as at any other establishment in the warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as at any other establishment in the warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as at any other establishment in the warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as at any other establishment in the warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as at any other establishment in the warranted to be a sale warranted to be a sale

H. WHITTINGHAM, Newspaper and Periodical Agent, FRANKFORT, KY.,

CONTINUES to furnish American and Foreign
Weeklies, Monthlies, and Quarterlies, on the best
terms. Advance sheets received from twenty-four
Publishers. Buck numbers supplied to complete
nov27 w&t-wtf

REENON & GIBBONS.

LOUISVILLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW CARPET

AND Office Adjoining Yeoman Building-The same HOUSE FURNISHING STORE. MARSHALL & DICKINSON,

> Importers & Dealers, 79 FOURTH ST., BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET,

> LOUISVILLE, KY. WE are now opening an entirely new stock, em-hracing overs variets, sigle, and quality of

Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Cornices, Bands, Shades, Shade Trimmings, Crumh Clotus, Green Baize. Rugs, Mats, India & Coco Matting Stair Rods, Curtains,

BLANKETS all widths, qualities, and prices. We BLANKETS all widths, qualities, and prices. We also keep on hand and make to order Flugs, Tarpaulins, Mosquito Bars, Bed Comforts, &c., &c. Our stock being entirely new, and having heen selected with great care, we can offer such inducements in styles, qualities, and prices as are seldom found west of the mountains.

MARSHALL & DICKINSON, 79 Fourthst., Lou., Ky.

au13 witt-wif

HART & MAPOTHER, Lithographers and Fancy Printers, Southeast corner Market and Third Streets,

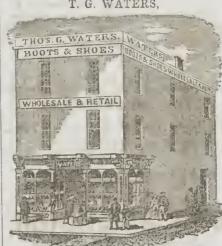
LOUISVILLE, KY., PXECUTE in the highest style of the art, every description of ENGRAVING, PEN AND CRAYON LITTIOGRAPHING, COLOR PRINTING, &c. oct7 w&t-wtf

GEO. H. CARY...... R. L. TALBOTT CARY & TALBOTT,

SUCCESSORS TO (BELL, TALBOTT & CO.,) DRUGGISTS AND APUTHECAINES. PAINTS, Oils, &c., 4 3 Markot street, between Third and Fourth, Louisville, K.).

IT Particular attention paid to Physicians' orders.

T. G. WATERS,



WHOLESAE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

S. E. CORNER FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.

mar22 w&t-wly

LOOK AT THIS. What makes so many go to the ST. CLOUD HOTEL, cor. of Second and Jefferson Streets, Louisville, Kentucky? Because J. G. BLEDSOE keeps a first class house at moderate prices.

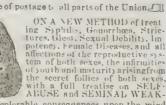
NATIONAL HOTEL, Corner Fourth and Main Streets. LOUISVILLE, KY.

HARROW & PHILLIPS, PROPRIETORS. Terms, \$1 50 per day.

> STOP THERE HALL & HARRIS keep the United States, formerly the Owens Hotel, When you go to Louisville stop there.

MEDICAL REPORT, Containing Thirty fine Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Sexual Organs in a state of Health and

l isease. Prico on'v ten Cents. Sent lree of postage to all parts of the Union



ABUSE and SEMINAL WEAK-NESS, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, pointing out the author's plan of treatment, the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cuses treated. A truthful adviser to the married, and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubly of their physical condition. Sont to any address in a sealed wrapper ou the receipt of TEN CENTS.

Those who have contracted a certain lnathsome disease, and especially YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by certain secret habits, as well as MID-DLE AGED and GULT MEN troubled with debility and loss of power, before applying to any one for treatment, should first read this invaluable book.

IR. DEWELS' FEMALE MONTALY REGULATOR, a sufe and certain remedy for Obstructions, Irregularities, &c., and is the only reliable "preventive of pregaancy," warranted not to injure the health. CACTION—It should not be used dur ag pregnancy, as MISCARRIAGE would be the result, though always harmless. Price \$t per box, and may be sent by mail.

The author may be consulted, either personally or

The author may be consulted, either personally or y letter, on all the diseases of which his work treats, and medicines sent to all parts of the country with complete instructions for self-treatment, secured

complete instructions for self-treatment, secured from danger or curiosity.

Adress
DR. T. WILLIAMS,
Consulting Surgeon Galen's Head Dispensary, 314,
Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.
Office hours from 8 o'clock, A. M. 129, P. M., daily,
Sundays, 9 to 12, A. M.)
angl6 w&1-w1)

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMENTS.

NIXON, CHATFIELD & WOODS, (Successors to Nixon & Goodman,)
Nos. 77 and 79 Walnut street, Cincinnati, PAPER, CARDS, AND CARD SHEETS,

Printing Inks, A ND PAPER MANUFACTURERS' MATERI-ALS. Ager' for the Magnolin Mills Writing Papers.

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No. 19 W. FOURTH ST. BET. MAIN AND WALNUT, (Opposite the First Presbyterian Church,) CINCINNATI, OHIO. Shirts Made to Order by Measurement and Warranted to Fit.

N. B. Measures carefully taken and paper patterns cut to order for shirts and collurs. apr 19w&twly. Lithography

AND ENGRAVING DORTRAITS, Landscapes, Buildings, Show Cards, L. Banker's Drafts, Certificates, Letter Heads &c. Bonds, Certificates of Stock, Maps, and Book Illustrations, Visiting and Wedding Cards.
MIDDLETON, STROBGLOGE & CO.,
119 Walnut street, Odd Fellows' Building,
mar29 w&t-wly

JOHN A. BAKER, MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER

MILITARY GOODS, No. 63 WALKER STREET, (NEAR BROADWAY,) NEW YORK.

Hats, Caps, Swords, Sashes, Belts, Horse Equipments and all articles for the Military, Furnished at short Notice. Tr The new style of French Entique Caps on band and made to order. apr24 w&t-wly

JOHN BONNER, (Successor to Peter Smith.) IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Fancy Goods, Toys, CHINA, BASKETS, Fishing Tackle, Military Goods, &c., &c., No. 36 Fifth Street,

Second door East of Walnut St., apr19 t-wawty CINCINNATI. O. MILLINERY.

BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS,

RUCHES, HEAD DRESSES, HAIR PINS, CLOAKS,

And other Millinery and Fancy Goods, of the latest Paris and New York styles, now open at No. 18 West Fifth street, Ciucinnati, Ohio.
sep29 w&t-wtf
J. A. HENDERSON

Commission House. FRANK, SKINNER & CO., No 85, WEST SECOND ST.,

CINCINNATI, OHIO. RECEIVE AND SELL Wheat, Ryc, Corn, Oats. Barley, Beans, Barley Mall, Hops, Hogs, Bncon, Bulk Meat, Backwheat, Butter, Cheese, Lard, Grease Tallow, Cotton, Feathers, Hemp, Tobacco, Dry Hides, Salt Hides, Gunny Sacks. Dry Fruits, Timothy, Clover, Flax, and Hemp

Seed, and Produce in General. Purchase on orders, at lowest market prices, every lescription of Merchandise, Whisky, Flower, Tallow. Grease, Lard, Bulk Ment and Bacon, Sugar and Mo lasses, Tr Ship your Produce and draw at sight.



r the Speedy and Permanent ture of Seminal Weakness, Noctornal and Diurnal Emis-sions, Necrous and General Debility, Impotence, und all Diseases arising from Solitary Habits, or Eccu-sive Indulocnes.

rice Indulornee.

THERE are thousands of Voung Men, as well as Indune Aged and Old Men, who are suffering to some extent from the above diseases. Man, perhaps, are not aware of their true condition, or when assistance is really needed.

For the hencit of such, we herewith give a few of the most common symptoms, viz: Weakness of the Back and Linds, Paun in the Head and Side, dimuers of Sight, Buts and Wobs heforethe Eyes, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspenia, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Dyspenia, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Dyspenian, Loss of Memory will be found a "Sovereign Balm."

These remedies embrace three prescriptions: A hox of Pastels, a hox of Nervous Tonic Pills and a box of Vivile Tonic Pills, all of which have important offices to perorm, and should be used together in every ease. Their superiority over in her modes of treatment may be briefly stated as follows, viz:

They immediately arrest nocturnal and diur.

ment.
They immediately arrest nocturnal and diurnal emissions.
It They remove local weakness, causing the organs to assume their natural tone and vigor.
It They attengthen the constitution by overcoming norvous debility and general weakness.
They enlive a the spirits, which are usually arrestly and be careling all exciting causes from the

They enliven the spirits, which are usuall depressed, by expelling all exciting causes from the system.

"By their invigorating properties they restore the patient to his natural health and vigor of maubood. hood.
If They cure when all other means have failed
If They contain no Mercury, no Opiom, nor anything that can in any event prove injurious,
If r'They are easy and pleasent to use, and will not
interfere with the patient's usual business or pleas-

ure. They can be used without suspicion, or knowl-

They can be used withoutsuspicion, or knowledge of owen a room-mate.
That they may come within the reach of all, we have fixed the price of the Pastels at \$1 per hox, and the Pills at 50 cents per box each. In ordering by mail, in addition to the price, twelve cents in stamps should be inclosed for return postage.

LADLES in want of a sufe and effectual remedy for Irregularities, Suppression of the Menses, or any disease, peculiar to their sex, should use Dr. GATES' | FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. Price by mail, \$1 and one stamp.

CALTION.—These Pills should not be used during pregnancy, as miscarriage will be the consequence.

used during pregnancy, as miscarriage consequence.

LADIES who, from ill-health, deformity, or any other humanc and reasonable cause, deem it necessary to avoil an increase of family, can do so without incurring danger to health or constitution by the use of M. La Cranx's French Presentive Powders. Price, by mail. \$1 and two stamps.

These Powders can only bo obtained by addressing the General Agents, as helow.

Send for Dr. GATES Private Medical Treatise on Sexual Diseases; Price tencents.

Address.

II. G. MILLER & CO., General Agents.

Address.
II. G. MILLER & CO., General Agents.
feh? w&t-wing ly Louisville, Ky...

MEDICAL NOTICE. HAVE associated with me Dr. T. M. HEDDEN. late graduate of the P. M. College, of Ohio. The octor studied the science of unclicine under my pervision, and graduated at the above institution, the first honors of the class of 1:60-61. Persons lling for me, in my absence, are recommended to a medical skill; and be can be found at all times, every when professionally engaged, at our office, ept when professionally engaged, at our office miles from Frankfort, on the Versailles turn c. B. C. SNEDAKER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF Fancy Articles CAN BE OBTAINED AT DR. MIILS' DRUG STORE.

Of every style and price, at Dr. Mills' Drug store. Tooth Brushes, A beautiful assortment, at Dr. Mills' Drug Store,

Combs, Of every description and material, at Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Hair Brushes,
The largest variety in Frankfort, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store. Odontalgic Preparations, Consisting of Tooth Soups. Tooth Paste, Tooth Pow-der, otc., at Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Dog Grass Brushes, For Clotb, Velvet, and Bonnet purposes, at Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Fancy Soaps. Fine Cologne. Of every price, of all shapes, colors, sizes, and perfumes, at Dr. Mills' Drug Store. Finc Toilet Bottles,
Beautiful styles of Bohemian, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Perfumery.

For sale in any quantity, either in bottles suitable for the toilet, or otherwise, at Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Handkerchief Extracts, The genuine Lubin's, as well as a variety of others make, in new styles, and nt all prices, nt
Dr. Mills' Drug Store. Everything,

In the line of Fancy and Toilet articles, that either Ladies or Geutlemen can desire, at Dr. Mills' Drug Store Frangipanni Sachels,
To lay in drawers and pertune clothing, at
Dr. Milles' Drag Store.

ROBB & DEHONEY HAVE just received, and opened a bandsome and desirable stock of SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS, To which they invite the attention of their friends and eustomers, as they intend to sell CHEAP FOR CASH

And to prompt time buyers. apr 13 w&t-wtf SEE THE LABEL HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE

Every article which has a large and increasing sale like this is liable to be counterfeited. It is, as its name indicates, entirely "INDITAB E" as far as its nower to restore the llair on bald heads, and to give it the cofor of youth, (no matter how gray it may be,) is concerned.

USE NO OTHER RESTORATIVE BUT HEIMSTREET'S,

It is the original, the only reliable, and the cheapest.—In See the following testimon:

JACKSON, MISS., May 29, 1860.

W. R. MERWIN, 61 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.,
Advertising Agent for Heimstreet's Hair Restora-W. R. MERWIN, 61 Market Street, St. Longs, 300, Advertising Agent for Heimstreet's Hair Restorative.

DEAR Sin: The Medicines you introduced into our city last winter are all having a lurge sale, and giving in every case satisfaction. Mr. James Henderson (one of our first citizens) \$25,8, that "the has used all of the Hair Dyes and Restoratives of the day, but has never used an article equal to Hemstreet's Inditable Hair Restorative. That it far surpasses any preparation that he has ever tried for restoring the Hair of the bald and grey to its original fuxurisneo and heauty."

You can write the Proprietors, W. E. Haoan & Co., Troy, N. Y., that they have the cheapest and heat Hair Restorative in our warket, and that it gives satisfaction in every case.

J. S. SIZER, Wholesale Druggist.

IT is Unequaled for Production

IT IS UNEQUALED FOR PRODUCIN A LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR. Sold everywhere.—Price 50c to \$1 per bottle. W. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y. THEREISNOUSE

INTRODUCING TESTINONIALS, Altho' we bave very many of them, FOR THE

MAGNOLIA BALM: For when the face is covered with unsightly Pimples or Blotches, the sufferer cares only 10 be directed to use some safe and reliable remedy.

THE MAGNOLIA BALM
WILL CURE THE WORST
CASE OF PIMPLES IN SINGLE WEEK

SINGLE WEEK
might be drank without harm. Physicians look with
wonder upon its speed; cures, for it has beretofore
been thought absolutely necessary to use preparations offend ar mercury to cure immediately; but the
Magnotta Bain contains neither. It is the most
elegant and neath, put up article for sale anowhere,
and may be chained of all our Apotheearies and
Finey Goods Dealers.

TPrice Fifty Cents a Bottle.

W.E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
july 18 w&t-w3m



I I would announce that I have employed a Gun-smith to carry on the Gunsmithing Business. IN ITS

VARIOUS BRANCHES At my Tin and Stove Store, St. Clair Street, Franklort. Williepairing done on short notice, and on
reasonable terms for CASH. New work made to order with neatness and dispatch.

IF Plon't forget the place—at G. W. Miller's Tin
and Store Store, Frankfort, Ky.
may 28 wht-wiff

SENT FREE TO ANY ADDRESS SENT FREE TO ANY ADDRESS

CHARLES HOFMANN, M. D. F. R. S., Professor of diseases of the genitad organs in the TREMONY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, has at a large expense to the institute published a work on the treatment of all private diseases of the male and femalo genital organs, also a treatise on the result of Onanism, Masturbation, Sexual debility, Involuntary Noeturnal Emissions, Spermatorrhea, &c., causing Impotency and Mentat and Physical Debility.

Ladies being troubled with painful or entirely suppressed menstruation, would learn something by sending for a book, Enclose two red stamps to pay the postage.

Direct to Dr. Hofmann, eare of Box 1655, Boston, Mass.

REMOVAL. THE undersigned, having been empelled by the BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT to the room intely occupied by Bayer and Calten-brun, on Main Street, opposite to the Mansion House, where he will be pleased to see his old cus-tomers and many new ones. He hopes by strietat-tention in business, and by charging reasonable prices, such as suit the times, to merit and receive a fair proportion of public patronage.

innell w&t-w3:u

SCHOOL NOTICE. THE Seventh Session of Mrs. M. A. SATTER-WIIITE'S School for children, will commence on Monday, September 2d, 1861. Terms, per Session of 20 Weeks - . . \$8 00 No deduction for voluntar, absence, inhest t-wif

MISCELLANEOUS.

G. CLAY SMITH & CO., COVINGTON, KY., Manufacturers and Dealers in Fire and Water-proof House Roofing, Cement for Cisterns, Lining Floors and Walls of Cellars, Granaries, Covering Steamboats,

Railroad Cars. Engine Rooms, Fire
Walls, etc., etc.
T will stand the severest test of HEAT, COLD, or RAIN of any climate, and will not MELT, CRACK, WASH, or SCALE OFF.
The Material can be furnished to parties in the interior of the State in Barrels for all Domestic purposes. For Cheapness and Durability, it excells all articles now in use,

Orders from City and Country solicited and promply Filled. For further particulars, apply at the Office of the undersigned, the Manufactors, or address, CURRAN C. SMITH, Richmond, Ky., G. CLAY SMITH Covington, Ky., C. C. POMERITY, Agent.

S. BARKER & CO., 317 FOURTH STREET

Between Market and Jefferson Streets, LOUISVILLE, KY..

\$100,000 WORTH OF

DRY GOODS To be Sold at

Wholesale or Retail, Regardless of Cost. Commencing Monday, April 29, 1861. WE having made large purchases East, at nuctions and elsewhere, at less than half their usual value, our stock being large for the times, we have concluded to sell off our goods at such prices as will warrant immediate sale. Our stock is the most complete that has ever been offered, and every article will be sold at some price.

ALSO, OUR STCCK OF

Window Shades, Carpets, And Oil Cloths,

Will be sold at prime cost, and less than cost.

apr30 w&t-wim.

S. BARKER & CO. J. L. MOORE & SON

ARE RECEIVING THEIR

FALLAND WINTER GOODS!

HAIR RESTORATIVE HAS the Signatures of the Proprietors,
W. E. HAGAN & Co.

HIS THE CURE OF Canker, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofnlous Diseases

FOR THE CURE OF
Cutancous Eruptions, Sore Eyea, and every kind of Diseases prising from an impure state of the Blood. FRENCH HATS,

> FINE SILK HATS, FINE CASSIMERE HATS, FINE SOFT FELT HATS. FOR THE SPRING TRADE, AT

S. C. BULL'S. FOR THE LATEST STYLES HATS AND CAPS.

BOOTS AND SHOES. And all the new publications, LAW & SCHOOL BOOKS,

STATIONERY, &C., &C.,

KEENON & GIBBONS,' Next to Conery's "Big Eaglo," Main St. mar21 4t

F. G. REUTTER, Tailor and Renovator. West side St. Clair Street.

FRANKFORT, KY., WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, that he is new prepared to do all work in the Tuiloving and Renovating line intrusted to him with neatness and dispatch. All I ask is a fair trial and a share of pubze patronge. Charges low.

jan5 t-w6in

CONTAINING

MANUAL OF KENTUCKY STATE GUARD PRICE:::::\$2 00.

WILL BE MAILED FOR \$2 25. S. C. BULL. - - Bookseller. m, 30 t-w&w3t

GREENWOOD FEMALE SEMINARY, FRANKFORT, KY. MRS. MARY TRAYNE RUNYAN, Principal. Tile Twenty-Fifth Session of this School will commence on Monday, the 21st of January, 1861.

Expenses per Session. strument for practice..... Stationers 25
Instructions in Plain and Ornamental Needle work without charge. No deduction for voluntary absence

For further information address the Principal, jan21 w.kt-w3m. POWELL'S RESTAURANT. OYSTERS! OYSTERS!! OYSTERS!!!

AM in daily receipt of Fresh Baltimore Oysters which I will sell by the can or half can, either to he town or country.

Oysters and other delicaces of the season served up at any hour of the day or night, at my Salcons.

My bar has always been, and always will be, supplied with the best Wiues, Liquors, and Segars to be found any where.

11. R. POWELL.

aep6 t-wtf

HARDIN'S CORNER St. Clair and Main Streets. Entrance on St. Clair, opposite the Mansion House

FRANKFORT, KY.

HAVING opened a Gallery, the undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity that he is prepared to take pictures in the best style. Ilaving a superior Camera, he thinks be can please those who may favor him with their patronage. HAVING opened a Gallery, the undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity that he is prepared to take pictures in the best style. Having a superior Camera, he thinks be can please those who may favor him with their patronage.

Ambrotypes, Melaineotypes, Photographs, &c., of sizes and in eases to suit the tastes of all, taken in the highest able of the art, and on moderate terms.

If ellicinvites those who wish to get their likenesses taken, to call and see specimens of his work. Satisfaction will be given or no charge made.

W. H. H. DARDIN.

It Cures Diptheria, and is Everybody's Friend.

PERRY DAVIS' KILLER. FAMILY MEDICINE OF THE AGE.
WE ask the attention of the trade and the public to this long and unrivated

FAMILY MEDICINE. For the cure of Colds, Conghs, Weak Stomach, and General In bility, Indigestion, Cramp and Pain in Stomach, Boxel Complaint, Colse, Diarrhau, Cholera, &c., &c.

Sore Throat and Diptheria Is soon relieved by Gargling the Throat with mix-tare of Pain Killer and water. And for Fever and Ague There is nothing better. It has been favorably known for more than twenty years to be the

ONLY SURE SPECIFIC For the man; diseases incident to the human fam-

Internally and Externally It works equally sure.

What stronger proof of these facts can be propueed than the following letter received unsolveited from Rev. A. W. Curtis:

ROMEO. MACOMB CO.. Mich., July 9, 1860.

Messrs.d. N. Hakkits & Co.:
Gentlemen:—The confidence I have in Perry Davis'
Pain Killen as a remed for Colds. Coughs. Burns
Sprains, and Rhenmatism, for the cure of which
have successfully used it, induces me to cheerfully
recomined its virtues to others.

A few months aga I had recourse to it to destroy
a felon; although I had never henrid of its being
used for that purpose; but having suffered intensely
from a former one, and having no other remeds at
hind, I applied the Pain Killer freely for about fitteen minules at evening, and repeated the application very briefly the next morning, which entirely
destroyed the felon, and increased my confidence in
the utility of the remedly.

Yours truly,
Minister of the Westeyan Methodist Church.

THE PAIN KILLER

Ilas heen tested in every variety of climate, and by
almost every nation known to Americans. It is the
almost constant companion and inestimable friend
of the missionary and the traveler, on sea and land,
and no one should travel on our LAKES or RIVER'S
WITHOUT IT.

Be sure you call for and get the genuine Pain Killer, as many worthless not trums are attempted to be
sold on the great reputution of this valuable medicine.

IT-Directions accompany each bottle. Roneo, Macomb Co., Mich., July9, 1860.

Cine.

If P Directions accompany each bottle.

Sold by Healers ever, where.

Price 25 ets., 50 ets., and \$1 per bottle.

Proprietors for the Western and Southern States,

Cinciunati. 0. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
J. M. Mills, Frankfort; Norton & Sharpe, Lexington; Frank Fitch, Lexington; D. T. & I. B. Morton,
Lexington; D. B. Miller, Covington; Scaton & Broderick, Massville; Edward Wilder, Louisville; and
all Louisville Druggists.

The Afflicted's Friend. Don't Delay to PURIFY THE BLOOD. DR. WEAVER'S CANKER & SALT REEDM SYRUP.

The most effective Blood Parifier of the

NINETEENTH CENTURY.

It is the proscription of an Educated Physician, and all who ure afflicted with any of the above named diseases, should use it without delay. It will drive the diseases from the system, and when once out on the Skiu, a few applications of DR. WEAVER'S

Cerate, or Oincment, and you have a permanent cure.

The Cernte has proved itself to be the best Ointment ever invented, and where ence used, it has never been known to full of effecting a permanent cure of Old Sores, Tetter and Kingworm, Sendd Head, Chilhlains and Frost Bites, Barber's ltch. Chapped or Cracked Hands, or lips, Blotches or Pimples on feed and for

Sore Nipples and Sore Eyes, the Cernte is the only thing required to cure should be kept in the house of every family.

Price of Strup \$1. Cernte 25 centerer bottle. Price of Syrup \$1, Cerate 25 cents per society.
Directions necompany each bottle.
Sold hy most Medicino denlers.
J.X. IJARRIS & CO., Proprietora for the Western Cincinnati, O. and Southern States Cincinnati, O.
To whom all orders for the nbove Medicines may be

addressed.
Sold Wholesale and Retail by
d. M. Mills, Frankfort; Norton & Sharpe, Lexington; Frank Fitch, Lexington, D. T. & I. B. Morton,
l exington; R. B. Miller, Covington; Seaton & Broderick, Maysville; Edward Wildor, Louisville; and all
Louisville Druegists.
mar7 w&t-wish

Good for the Stomach, Pleasing to the Taste, is DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

THE CELEBRATED NEW ENGLAND REMEDY FOR HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, Hardee's Tactics! Jaundice, Fever and Ague, General Debility, and all Diseases arising from a Dis-

ordered Stomach, Liver, or

Bowels.

THEY are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable.

Dr. JAMEN L. LEEPERE, writes from Navarre Stark, eo., Ohio, "The Bitters are highly praised by those suffering from indigestion, despepsin, and liver complaint."

those suffering from indigestion, d.epepsin, and liver complaint."

E. S. DAVIS. Postmaster at Williamsport, (thio, says., "they give great satisfaction. I use them myself, having taken cold, become prestrate and lost my appetite. It relieved me. and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

Dr. W. M. K. Eklik, of Regersville, Ind., writes no that they are the most valuable medicane offered. Ite has recommended them with great success, and with their made several cures of palpitation of the heart nnd general debility.

TIIOMAS STANFORD, Esq., Blountsville, Henry, co., Ind., writes us a long letter, under date of May 4.

1860. He was much reduced, having been afflicted for three lears with great nervous debility, palpitation of the heart of the most severe and prostrating character, "after using a few bottles! was complete by restored, and am now in robust health."

GEO. W. HOFFMAN says he was afflicted with rheumatism for twenty years, in all its various forms and at the date of his letter he had been two years well; the Butters effecting the cure, when several physician, attending him could do him nn good. He says, "for rheumatism, dyspepsia liver complaint, kidney affection, or drops, it is a specific certain remedy."

A. W. HUNT writes from Delphos, Allen co., Ohio

kidney affection, or drops), it is a special continued by a feetion where from Delphos, Allen eo., Ohio (a section where Fever and Ague prevails.) that he most cheerfully recommends them of decided merit in all cases of fever and Ague, Dispepsia, and General Debility.

D. K. GALLEHERS, M. D., writes from Van Wert, (thio, "I must respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of Dispeptic persons, and to all who require a ctimulating mediculo. Such News we are Receiving Daily.
Full directions accompany each bottle.
They are sold by Medicine dealers generally.
Price 75 ets. per bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO.,

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnnti. O. Proprietors for the Southern and Western States, to whom a dress all orders. For sale by J.M. Mills, Frankfort, Ky., Norton & Sharpe, Lexington, Ky., Frank Fitch, Lexington, Ky., II. T. & I. B. Morton, Lexington, Ky., D. B. Miller, Covington; Seaton & Broderick, Maysville, Ky., Edward Wilder Lonisville, Ky., and by all Louisville Druggist.

ICE! ICE!!

One copy per aumum. in advance. MONDAY.....DECEMBER 9, 1861.

Extra eopies of THE DAILY YEO-MAN can be supplied (put up in wrappers) ready for mailing) at the rate of \$3 per bundred. All orders for papers should be given ber of the paper which is wanted.

Reported Confederate Victory Noar Somerset-Zollicoffer Advancing Towards Stanford, Lin-

tacked the Federal forces stationed near Som- troops than we know what to do with. He erset, in Pulaski county, driven them bnek says: with serious loss, taken possession of Somerset, and was, at the latest dates, marching on Stanford. We have also heard that a letter stanford. We have also heard that a letter us with one five times as large. The Beaufort was received Saturday night, through a spefully confirming the above.

Secretary Chase's Views upon the Slavery Question.

The Secretary of the Treasury has just issued the following general regulations relative to securing and disposing of the property found and brought within the territory now or hereafter occupied by the United Ty-States forces in the disloyal States:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Washington, Nov. 30, 1861.

other property found within the lines of States, or parts of States, declared to be in in-

There shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approbation of the President, agents, to reside at such ports or places as are or may be occupied by the force of the United States, whose duty it shall be to receive and prepare for market, the cotton and such other prod: ets and property as mny

To emble such agents to fulfill the duties devolved upon them, the military and naval expeditions, under proper instructions, will render such military aid and protection as may be required to earry out intentions of this Department. Persons held to service for life under State laws, who may be found within such limits, may be employed by the ngent, who will prepare lists of the names, sex, and condition of such persons and as near as may be, their respective uges together with the names of any persons claiming their services, which last shall be in triplicate—one for the military commandant. one for the agent, and one to be immediately

forwarded to the Secretary of the Treasury.

The persons so listed will be organized for systemutized labor in securing and preparing for the market the cotton, rice, and other pro duets found within the territory brought under Federal control. Pay rolls will be pre pared, and a strict account of the labor dail performed by such entered thereon, for which a proper compensation shall be allowed and paid to the laborers. The amount of such compensation will be fixed in proportion to ervice rendered by the agents, and

other property, will be earefully made, and a copy transmitted to the Secretary of the Treasury, signed by such agent. A record of all products taken possession of will be "Ti

from the several plantations will be plantally ed by him in not capturing the vessel which marked and numbered, so es to be easily distinguished. An account of all provisions, of whatsover character found on a columbia to the special circumstances and of its whatsover character found on a columbia to the special circumstances and of its partial provision. tions, will be taken, and such provisions will no means be permitted to constitute a prece-be used, as far as may be necessary, for the dent hereafter, for the treatment of any case ficiency of subsistence will be supplied by the United States Commissary, upon the requisition of the agent, to whom they will be ... Here is what he says on the negro quescharged, and for which he will eccount. Cotton and other articles, when prepared for market, shall be shipped for New York; and, so far as practicable, by the returning Government transports, and all shipments shall be consigned to the designated agents at New the Secretary of the Treasury, and enrefully detailed accounts will be kept by the agent of all supplies furnished by the Government, and of all expenditures made.

Each agent will transmit a weekly ac count of his proceedings to the Secretary of the Treasury, and render his account in dupliente for monthly settlement. All requisitions, bills of lading, and invoices will be countersigned by the military commander, or by such officer as he may signato for the purpose. Each ugent will so transact his business and keep his account that as little injury as possible mey neerue to privato citizens who may maintain, or may within a reasonable time resume, the characacter of loyal citizens of the United States.

BY THE PRESIDENT .- It is said that the mod- duty, in the premises, of our naval officers.' ification made by the President commencedat the words-

"It has become a grave question for determination what shall be done with the slaves. All after that was crased, and the subjoined passage substituted:

It is already a grave question what shall be done by the slaves who are abandoned by their owners on the advance of our troops in to Southern territory, as at Beanfort Districts in South Carolina. The number left within "Why the Government allowed the Pot the horrors of insurrection even in the rebel ble as mud." communities. They constitute a militury resource, and, being such, that they should not

The Policy of the Government in Relation to Slavery.

The Washington correspondent of the Chieago Tribune, one of the ablest and most en-S. I. M. MAJOR & CO. terprising of the Republienn journals of the country, states that nearly all the members of Congress who have arrived there, are dissatisfied with the way the war has been\$4 00 carried on. He then ventures the following assertion:

"I um of the opinion that Congress will direct the President, as Communder-in-Chief of the army and mavy, to wipe out slavery ntterly in every State which claims to have seeded. Whether the act be called confiscation or emancipation, makes no practical dif-terence. The more radical and carnest memthe day before the issue of the particular num- bers of both Houses agree that it must be done, heenuse-

"I. It is right.
"2. It is expedient. "3. It is necessary."

He insists that "only a few hide-bound of-We understand that information was re- ficers of the regular ormy, and Mr. Secretary ceived in our city on Snturday morning, that Smith, pretend to say that it is not necessary. Zollieoffer had, with a considerable force, at- The correspondent insists that we have more

expedition has resulted in nothing thus far einl messenger, by the member from Lincoln, but the addition of glory to an already glorious navy. Affairs ure at a dead lock in Western Virginia; ditto Kentucky; ditto Missouri. But these are not the worst evils The money question is getting to be one of alarming importance. The daily expenses of the War and Navy Departments are neare wo million dollars than one million. The country can stand that little bill, awhile, but not forever-not for the time that it will take to put down the rebellion and preserve slave-

Then the patience of the country, constantly worn upon by the burdens of war and the derangement of commerce, tried by de-ferred hopes, and sorely exercised by diasters on the field—even this will break down before In order to the security and proper disposition of the productions of the soil, and all and preserve the institution in behalf of which helms avowedly initiated the war. Foroccupied or to be hereafter occupied by the troops and authority of the Union, tho following regulations are established. Davis' Government before our Generals develop that kind of strategy which will enable them to conquer the rebels and save intact the eause of the rehellion.

Report of the Secretary of the Navy. From the report of the Secretary of the

Navy we make the following extracts: be found or brought within the lines of the army, or under the control of the Federal auchased, of every class, are armed, equipped, and ready for service, the condition of the navy

S	will be as follows:		
1	OLD NAVY.		
-	Class, No.	Tannage.	Guna.
	Ships-of-line 6	16,094	5114
-	Frigates 7	12,104	350
0	Sloops	16,03t	312
1	Briga 2	539	12
	Storeships 3	342	7
	Receiving ships, &c 6	6,340	106
-	Screw frigates 15	21,460	200
e i	First-class screw sloops 6	11,953	109
	First-class sidewheel stenm		
)	sluops 4	8,003	46
,	Second class serew sleops 8	7,593	45
S	Third-elass serew sloops 5	2,405	52%
l i	Third-class sidewheel steamers. 4	1,808	8
ž.	Steam tenders 2	599	4
٠.	Tours.		_
	Total76	165,271	1,753
	PURCHASED VESSEL	s.	
r	Sidewheel steamers36	26,680	166
	Screw steamers43	20,4113	175
7	Ships	9,998	52
-	Schooners91	5,304	49
- 1	Barks18	8,430	78
	Brigs 2	460	4
. 1			
7	Total130	71,297	518
1	VESSELS CONSTRUCTE	m	
1			98
1	Serew sloops	16,787	
- 1	Gunhoats	11,661	9d
	Sidewheel steamers12	2,100	48 18
-	Iron-clad steamers 3	4,600	354

In relation to Captain Wilkes, the Secretary

"The prompt and decisive action of Capt. made, and those of each plantation kept distinct.

When prepared for shipment, packages whatsoever character, found on such planta- patriotic motives, be excused; but it must by sustenance of the laborers thereon. Any de- of similar infraction of neutral obligations by

EMPLOYMENT OF FUGITIVES. "In the coastwise and blockading duties of the navy it has been not unfrequent that fugitives from insurrectionary places have sought York, unless otherwise specially directed by naval commanders have applied to me for instruction as to the proper disposition which should be made of such refugees. My answer has been that, if insurgents, they should be handed overto the custody of the Government; but if, on the contrary, they were free from any voluntary participation in the rebellion, and sought the shelter and protection of our flag, then they should be cared for and em-ployed in some useful manner, and might be enlisted to serve on our public vessels or in our navy-yards, receiving wages for their labor. If such employment could not be furnished to all by the navy, they might be reerred to the urmy, and if no employment could be found for them in the public service they should be allowed to proceed freely and cably, without restraint, to seek a liveli How CAMERON'S REPORT WAS MODIFIED I have considered to be the whole required

THE BLOCKADE OF WASHINGTON .- The Washington Correspondent of the Western Christian Advocate, after stating that that eity was blockaded by the rebel batteries on the Potomac, and that 'army supplies are being hauled to Washington in old-fashioned wagons, the single railroad from the North being inndequate to the shipment of what is needed," asks the following question,

"Why the Government allowed the Potoour control at that point is very considerable, mae blockaded, and Washington cut off from and similar eases will probably occur. What communication with the sea, is to me a mysshall be done with them? Can we afford to tery. That it could have been prevented is send them forward to their masters, to be by not denied. That the Government is severely them armed against us, or used in introducing embarrassed and the whole country suffering supplies to maintain the rebellion? Their from the blockade of the Potomac, is obvious. labor may be useful to us; withheld from the Why, then, was it permitted? We are told enemy, it lessens his military resources, and withholding them has no tendency to induce It may be, but if so, it is as yet as impenetra-

BUNCOMBE.—Some kind feeling individual be turned over to the enemy is too plain to discuss. Why deprive him of his supplies by a blockade, and voluntarily give him men to produce snpplies? The disposition to be made of the slaves of rebels after the close of the war can be safely left to the wisdom and particularly of Congress. The representatives of the blanket would increase it to forty-three tripitism of Congress. triotism of Congress. The representatives of and a half pounds. Transportation has been the people will, unquestionably, secure to the entailed from fifteen to twelve wagons loyal shveholders every right to which they are entitled under the Constitution of the country.

SIMON CAMERON,
Secretary of War.

To the President of the United States.

Setting from Internation from Internation of twe wagons to the regiment. The Government should lighten, and not increase, the burden of the voldier. This paragraph has been suggested by an old soldier now in the field.

[Low. D mocrat.]

eren's Report. document that ever enumated from the pen of man; and, to our shame, be it confessed, it is by one holding high position in the National Government. It will be seen that Cameron, the Secretary of Wur, has, contrary to our expectations, advocated the arming of the blacks. We have no language sufficiently strong to express our horror and indignation at such a scheme, and the bold, shameless effronttery with which it is ndvocated. A scheme capuble of being conceived only by a heart utterly deprayed is maintained by arguments worthy of the mind that conceived them. The ight to arm slaves is more than questionable; t is absolutely and entirely a damnable crime. The proposition fills us with a siekening horror and disgnst. Had Great Britain the right to employ Indians, and to offer so much for sealps in the Revolutionary War? The whole as follows: deprayity is pure as the undriver slow be-fore the horrible proposition of Cameron. It has not one redeeming feature. It is totally, ntterly wicked—carrying with it the atter destruction of the country, in the mid-t of

ter a little too far. The members of the United States Cabinet have often disagreed with the Executive, and one member is not if these resolutions pass? We dare not hope responsible for the opinions expressed in their it. To us it seems as if Mr. Stevens and his reports. It is his duty, however, when one of abolition confederates are determined to make these reports conflicts with the feeling of the it the interest of every man south of Mason

We demand it as right to the conservative

What to do with Them.

Was there ever a more erazy proposition than that by the Abolitionists to emancipate. upon the instant, the four million of negro slaves in the South? We speak now simply of the act of emancipation, not of the question of the power to emnneipate. The power does not exist in the Federal Government, but if it did, and if the abolitionists held the exercise of it, what would they do with the four millions of emancipated negroes? That is the question. They would have to do something with them, for the negroes would not know what to do with themselves. They could not live in the South, and they would not be permitted to live in the North. They w swarm the country like locusts, and eventually and at no distant day, the whites, impelled by the first law of nature, would be compelled to expel them altogether .- Chicago Times.

Was there ever more "crazy" trush uttered Government, " could not write the leader rein the same number of words? The right to ferred to. Some younger man, who has a confisente the slaves of rebels exists as clearly reputation to make, or a weakness for sensu in the Federal Government as the right to tional articles, must have written that leader, confiscate their mules, cotton or arms. There is as much power to deprive a rebel of his enough to know that the great forces and slave as to take from him anything else which powers in the antional and physical world are not fussy and sensational. LOYALTY. he esteems as property. The war power of the Government is as comprehensive as the law of self preservation. Whatever thing law of self preservation. Whatever thing the rebels derive most aid from should be first seized, and as slaves contribute more to sup port the rebellion than anything else the rebels possess, nulitary necessity demands that they more particularly should be confisented. The Government can own no slaves. If they be held in durance it can only be as prisoners who may be libereted on parole, or absolutely upon their taking the oath of allegiance.

But the Times 'speaks not of the power, but of the act of emancipation," and inquires what would the Abolitionists do with the quently escape from the lines of the enemy's four millions of emancipated negroes?" It loree and are received within the lines of the "what would the Abolitionists do with the four millions of emancipated negroes?" It proceeds to debar an answer by declaring that "they could not live in the South, and they could not be permitted to live in the North." The live of Washington, are a live of the permitted to live in the North. Of all countries, that is exactly the place for the presumption, arising from color, that they them. They were born and raised there. They have cultivated its soil for generations. They constitute the working class of the South. Their labor and skill are essential to its prosperity. They produce its wealth, they support not only themselves, but some millions of idle whites. The South cannot do without them. If the North wanted them, the South could not spare them. The idea of banishing the four millions of negroes from the South is foolish and wicked. As well talk of driving away four millions of Northern farmers, for the blacks are the farmers of

of the Times: What shall be done with them after they are emaneipated? Set them at civic authority may be avoided. work raising cotton, rice, suger, and tobacco, on the confiscated plantations of the rebel who have forfeited their estates. Pay then just wages for their labor problem is solved. The blacks would be glad

gladly hire them. And if there were eight, sion of Congress, to confiscate property used instead of four millions of negroes, they could for insurrection. The assumption of the Presfind steady work at reasonable wares.

their material and intellectual condition. It plicit provisions of the law, until it is proved would be astonishing how soon they would before a court that the slaves have been used in learn to read and write, and accumulate property. The head of every family would aim to acquire a piece of ground which he could as they were compelled to by the fugitive call bis own, and with which be would never slave law, to seize and arrest those believed

nannmitted negroes "would swarm North like locusts." On the contrary, the free negroes of the North "would swarm Sonth." In a few years time, scarcely a colored face would communder-in-chief, he may force General be seen anywhere north of the Ohio and Potowould be irresistible, not only from the pres- ple, and bring a sure retribution. How far ent free States, but from the border slave these telegraphic reports are to be relied on, States. They would desert the land of frost, is known already by their falsehoods, but the snow, and pale faces, and go to the sunny probabilities that this report is correct are too South, where the magnetia, the orange, and strongers be a relected.—Low. Dem.

The Lonisville Democrat on Secretary Cam- citron grow. They would go where they would feel at home; where they would be We publish this morning the wickedest welcome; and where their numbers would seich a scheme, and the bold, shameless effront- tools of the slaveholders will give currency to

The resolutions of Mr. Stevens, introduced into the llouse on the first day of the session after resolving that the "President be request ed to declure free, and direct our Generals and

And be it further resolved, That the Unicivilized world has denounced it. English statesmen have branded it with the blackest terms of opprobrium. Yet its whole black pure as the undriven snow be- citizens, who are and shall remain active in

brutal horrors which make even the popular templated by these resolutions. They do not brutal horrors which make even the popular stories of St. Bartholomew appear respectable. If the policy is carried out, then the country is certainly cursed. There will be no place where the American citizen ean remain in safety; but, in the ashes of ravaged fields, burning cities, and broken and violated have builded to a stress the horse have been constructed by these resolutions. They do not temphated by these resolutions. They do not propose to amancipate the slaves of rebels alone, but all slaves, those of loyal maxters to do this, but to induce them to leave will these resolutions. They do not propose to amancipate the slaves of rebels alone, but all slaves, those of loyal maxters by offer of freedom. How will these resolutions. They do not stories of the slaves of rebels alone, but all slaves, those of loyal men, and not only to do this, but to induce them to leave will these resolutions. households, he will curse the hour he was born. The wicked, false impression which see, and Missonril Will men continue loyal the Secretary of War tries to make, that this to a government which entiees their propthe Secretary of War tries to make, that this freeing and arming will be injurious only to the rebels, is too glaringly absurd for discussion. Arm the slaves of the rebels, and the act will do as much harm to the Unionist as the rebel. It changes, as we have said before, the whole contest from a sacred cause, of religion and patriotism to a John Brown mid. It has if carried into effect all the horder slave and before of "full and lair contiensation" is an loses if carried into effect, all the border slave loses if carried into effect, all the border slave States, and, we firmly believe, some of the conservative border free States. It concludes the war as effectually as if a hundred battles for an instant rely upon that pledge? How had been gained by the Southern Confederney.

can they inforce it against the government?

Do not the nation know, to their sorrow and There is but one conclusion to which the disgust, how all such claims are enforced-by people will come, and that is that Mr. Cum- years of weary waiting until generations have cron must be removed. When this policy succeeded generations, by bribery and corrup-was first broached, we stated then, the necessity plainly. The developments are more or by beseeching as fiver what ought to be acconvincing than ever. This plan di-graces corded as right? Why, even meritorious claims the cause, digraces the soldiers engaged in it, and atterly changes the whole appearance of 1812, are to this day unsettled. Gen. Scott, at the head of the army, and therefore in a posi-The Journal of yesterday reiterated its condemnation of the previous day, and considers ment of his Mexican war accounts during the the President as sunctioning the report of the last few months. The delay of all govern-Secretary of War. This is carrying the mut- ments in matters of this nature is proverbial,

it. To us it seems as if Mr. Stevens and li people, or radically with his opinions, to remove the Secretary.

And we demand Cameron's removal as due to the cause; due to the loyal Union men of this State, and of the slave States generally.

We demand it as right to the consequence of the slave states generally. pensation; but if you take sides with Jeff. Davis, and help him to drive our troops back Clement of the North, as well as the South, and as necessary to the preservation of the Union.

Thus the passage of these resolutions will be death to Unionism in the border States. We pray to God they will not pass, but we fenr that the vote (56 ayes to 77 nnvs) by which the House refused to lay Mr. Elliott's resolutions (substantially the same as Mr. Stevens' on the table is indicative of their success. If they do pass, and the President shall obey them, we shall lose all hope of the preserva-tion of the integrity of the Union.

> The Loyalty of the Louisville Journal Called in Question by its own Friends---The Journal Suspected of Tresen---What Marvel Next ? [For the Commonwealth.]

FRANKFORT, Dec. 6th, 1861. MR. EDITOR: The loyal citizens of Kenucky should know that the leader in the Louisville Journal of the 5th December, was not written by Mr. Prentice. Mr. Prentice is not at home. The head and heart that proluced that article on the "solemn duty of the

Socretary Seward's Views npen the Slavery Question.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Wushington, Dec. 4th, 1861. To Major-General Geo. B. McClellan, Wash-

GENERAL: I nm directed by the President eall your attention to the following subject: Persons claimed to be lield to service or labor under the laws of the State of Virginia, and actually employed in hostile service against liable to be arrested by the city police, upon

By the 4th section of the act of Congress, approved August 6th, 1861, entitled An act to confiscate property used for insurrectionary purposes, such employment is made a full and sufficient answer to any further claims to service or labor. Persons thus employed, and escaping, are received into a military protection of the United States, and their arrests as fugitives from labor or service should be immediately followed by military arrest of the parties making the seizure.

Copies of this communication will be sent

But Secretary Chase answers the question to the Marshal of the District of Columbia,

I am, General, Your very obedient servant,

WM. II. SEWARD. problem is solved. The blacks would be glad to gain their freedom on these equitable terms, and would go to their daily toil with lightsome hearts and willing hands. The overseer would have no more use for his whip, his branding-irons, or his blood-hounds.

Thousands of enterprising Northern man. Thousands of enterprising Northern men would flock South to pure tase the sequestered estates, and offer employment to the freed blacks. The Southerners themselves would nd steady work at reasonable wages.

Every year the colored class would improve emancipated, according to the direct and expart, unless to purchase a larger.

The Times repeats the old humbug that the the Secretary of State is wholly unnuthorized

The attraction towards the Gull States ment, but it will arouse the unger of the peo-

It appears from the Cincinnati papers yesterdny, that the report of the Secretary War, after having been printed in pamphlet form and sent to various parts of the country, was recalled by the President and the section respecting slavery, modified by him. We publish the section as modified in

another column. This, as far as it goes, is en encouraging sign; but we regret to perceive that the modification consists only in suppression. Nothing in the section, as it originally stood, as repudiated or denied in the modified section. The modification simply makes the report as vague as the message is. It does not, in our opinion, modily the urgent duty of the conservative men of the country. It but encourages them to discharge their duty. We welcome this encouragement with all our hearts. Lou. Journal, 7th.

Major J. R. Hallam, of Newport, Ky. with five others, who have been incarcernted at Camp Chase, Ohio, for several weeks, have been released by order of General Buell.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. Sir James Clarke's Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescripion of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, end a speed; cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES. it is peculiarly suited. It will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity. Each hottle, price One Dollar, hears the Government Stamp of Great Britian, to prevent counter

These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscurriage, but ot any

other time they are safe.
In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion. Palpitation of the heart, llysteries, and Whites, these l'ills will effect a cure when all other in ans have rie failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any thing hurtfel te the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sele Agent for the United States and Canada, JOB MOSES, (Late I. C. Baldwin & Co.,)

Rochester, N. Y. N. B.-\$1,00 and 6-postage stamps inclosed to any antherized Agent, will insura a bottle, containing ever 50 pills, by return mail.
Sold in Frankfort by J. M. Mills. Wilson, Peter & Co., Wholesale agents.

EDGAR KEENON......J. L. elBeons.

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF STRAW GOODS, CHEAP, VERY CHEAP.

> JUST OPENER BY KEENON & GIBBONS. DEALERS IN

BOOKS & STATIONERY,

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, WALL PAPER, CARPET BAGS, &c.,

UMBRELLAS, &c., &c.,

TERMS CASTL I have been compelled to adopt the cash system.

which will enable me to sell goods at from ten te twenty per cent, lower than formerly. These terms will be enforced from this date. A CONERY. Il TSign of the Eagle.

A. CONERY,

SIGN OF THE EAGLE. (Successor to W. P. Loomis,) At One Half the Regular Subscription Has just received a new assertment of WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY. Call and see them, and you will find Prices to suit the times.

SUPERIOR GRAPE VINES

Matches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired.

For Sale. FROM IONA, NEW YORK.

HAVE on consignment, from one of the most reliable Pomologists and Propagators in the East, a spleudid lot of fine Grape Vines, for sale at greatly reduced prices, consisting of the following writeties: Delawares, Dianas, Elsingburghs, Herchemonts, Annas, Lenoirs, Cayubogas, Union Villuge, Coucord, &c.

I have, also, of my own propagating, a large lot of Catawbas, Isabella, English Fox, and other varieties, which I will sell low, by the thousand, hundred, or dozen. Also, a splendid bit of EVERGREENS1

Consisting of White, Spruce, and Yellow Pinc, Austrian Pine, Scotch Pine, Norway Spruce, &c., Scotch Larch; White Cedar, and a splendid lot of American PURE CATAWBA WINE,

By the bottle, gallon, or cask. Address
Agent for Dr. C. W. GRAIG, Georgetewn, Ky.,
dec 6-tf

FOR SALE OR RENT. I WISH to SELL OF REST the Hotel, and buildings nttached, known as the FitANKLIN HOUSE, in South Frankfort. There is a good Stable, one Sorvants' House, Kitchen, &c. By early application a good hargain can be had. Possession given immediately. For further information inquire of II. C. Mitchell or the subscriber Oct. 31st, 1861-3m. R. T. COLEMAN.

KENTUCKY RIVER COAL.

HAVE just received a fresh supply of the BEST KENTUCKY LIVER CUAL; also a large lot of CANNEL, Pittshurg, Youghiogheny, and Pomeroy, which I will sell, at the lowest market price. All orders will be promptly filled for any point on the Reitzed or att. he applying to the world or att. Railroad or city, hy applying to me by mail, or at my Coalyard in Frankfort.

S. BLACK jan31 t-wtf

COMMITTED TO JAIL.

COMMITTED to the Livingston county jail, a negro hos, calling himself MILT, of a dark copper color; eighteen years old; five feet four incheating weights about 132 pounds; sear on the right hand, supposed to be caused by a burn; snys he bolongs to John Mathews, of Lyon county.

The owner of said acgro is requested to como forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will hedealt with according to law, nov26 w&t-w3m

T. A. LEEPER, J. L. C.

CITY ELECTION. OFFICE CITY COUNCIL. Frankfort. Dec. 7, 1861.

ORDERED. That an election for eight Councilmen for the city of Frankfort, to serve for the easuing year, he held at A. G. Cammack's store, in said city, on the first Saturday in January next, and that G. W. Owen and A. G. Cammack be judges to superintend said election. By order of the Board. Attest,

d. W. BATCHELOR, e. e. F.

dee7 dtd superintend said election. It Attest, d. W. Batchelor, e. e. f. H. Commonwealth copy.

MILITARY BOARD.

FRANKFORT, Oct. 2d, 1261.

ORDERED, that one month's pay in advance shall be paid to all volunteers recruited mustered into the service of this State or of the General Government within this State, subsequent to 30th Sept. Cet. 10 4m.

Secretary Board.

FRANKFORT, Oct. 2d, 1261.

Western and Canadian money, or Post-office slamps Western and Canadian money, or Post-office slamps western to the entire twenty-five eents extra on each year's subscription to prepay postage.

MUNN & CO., Publishers.

o v2s w&tw-tf.

NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

F. D. REDDISH. I AVING taken the room formerly occupied by J. W. Voorbis, on Mnm Street, opposite true & Todd's store, t intend to corry on the ladoring business in its various branches. I have secured the service of practical assistants, and leel assured that satisfaction will be given. A share of public patronage is solicited.

F. D. REDDISH.

S. 1. M. MAJOR.....F. H. OVERTON NEW BOOK BINDERY.

MAJOR & OVERTON.

WILL execute all orders for binding, and work in any department of the husiness, at their room over KEENON & GIBBONS' Book Store, on Main street, Major's Building.

ILF F. H. Overton having this day purchased the interest of Waller Overton, in the Book Bindery of Major & Overton, the business of the establishment will, for the feture, be conducted in the same firm style of Major & Overton. F. H. Overton will give the business his special and prompt attention.

S. I. M. MAJOR. Frankfort, Nov. 4th, 1s61. S. I. M. MAJOR, F. II. CVERTON.

Blackwood's Magazine AND THE

British Reviews. GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO SUBSCRIBE!

PREMIUMS AND REDUCTIONS

. SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals, viz:

THE LONDON QUARTERLY (Conservative.)

THE EDINBURG REVIEW (Whig.) THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free Church.)

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal.) BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURG MAGAZINE (Tory.)

The present critical state of European affairs will render these publications unusually interesting during the forthcoming year. They will occupy a middle ground between the hastily written news-items, crude speculations, and fixing rumors of the lature historian written often the living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away. It is to these Periodicals that reolers must look for the only really intelligible and reliable history of enrect events, and as such, in addition to their well-established literary, scientific, and theological character, we urge them upon the consideration of the reading public.

The receipt of Advance Shoets from the British publishers gives additional value to these Reprints, masunch as they can now he placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the original editions.

TERMS. (Regular Prices.) The present critical state of European affairs will

TERMS. (Regular Prices.)

TERMS. (Regular Prices.)

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For any two of the four Reviews,
For any two of the lour Reviews,
For any three of thefour Reviews,
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For Blackwood and two Reviews,
For Blackwood and three Reviews,
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will be received at par. received at par.

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The POSTAGE to any part of the United States will be but Twenty-four Cents a year for "Blackwood," and but Fourteen Cents a year for each of the Re-At the above prices the Periodicals will be furnished for 1062, AND AS A

Premium to New Subscribers,

the Nos. of the same Periodicals for 1860 will be furnished complete, without additional charge.

Unlike the more ephemeral Magaziaes of the day, these Periodicals lose little by age. Hence, a full year of the Nos. for 1860, may be regarded nearly as valuable as for 1862.

Subscribers wishing also the Nos. for 1861, will be supplied at the following EXTREMELY LOW RATES.

febes w&t-wly MAIN ST. FRANKFORT.KY. SPLENDID OFFERS FOR 1860, '61, & '62, TOGETHER.

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For any one Review,
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For three Reviews,
For Blackwood and three Reviews,
For the four Reviews,
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, Any of the above works will also be furnished to New Subscribers for the year 1856-7, 8, and 9,

Prices. Thus a New Subscriber may obtain the Reprints of the four Keviews and Blackwood, Seven Consecutive Years, for \$37!!! Which is hat little more than the price of the original works for one year.
As we shall never again be likely to offer such indecements as those here presented,

Now is the time to Subscribe!! Tr Remittances must, in all cases, be made direct to the Publishers, for at these prices no commission can be allowed to agents.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO...

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ILLUSTRATED SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN!

THE BEST MECHANICAL PAPER IN THE WORLD. SEVENTEENTH YEAR.

VOLUME VI.-NEW SERIES A NEW volume of this wilely circulated paper commences on the first of January. It is published WEEKLY, and every number contains sixteen orges of useful information, and from five to tenoriginal engravings of new inventions and discoveres, all of which are prepared expressly for its col-

TO THE MECHANIC AND MANUFACTURER. No person cagaged in any of the mechanical or manulacturing pursuits should think of "doing without" the Scientific American. It costs but four cents per week; every number contains from six to ten engravings of new machines and inventions, which can not be found in any other publication. It is an established rule of the publishers to insert none but original engravings, and those of the first class in the art, drawn and engraved by experienced persons under their own supervision.

TO THE INVENTOR.

TO THE INVENTOR.

The Scientific American is indispensable to every inventor, as it not only contains illustrated descriptions of nearly all the best inventions as they coate out, but each number contains an Official List of the Claims of all the Patents issued from the United States Patent Office during the week previous; thus giving a correct history of the progress of inventions in this country. We are also receiving, every week, the best scientific journals of Great Britain, France, and Germany; thus placing in our possession all that is transpiring in mechanical science and art in these old countries. We shall continue to transfer to our columns copious extracts from those journals of whatever we may deem of interest to our renders.

CHEMISTS ARCHITECTS, MULLWRIGHTS.

CHEMISTS, ARCHITECTS, MILLWRIGHTS, AND FARMERS.

AND FARMERS.

The Scientifie American will be found a most usoful journal to them. All the new discoveries in the science of chemistry are given in its columns, and the interests of the architect and cappender are not overlooked; all the new inventions and discoveries appertaining to these pursoits hera published from week to week. Useful and practical information pertaining to the interests of millwrights and utill-owners will be found published in the Scientific American, which information they caused possibly chain from any other source. Subjects in which planters and larmers are interested will be found discussed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN; most of the improvements in agricultural implements being illustrated in its columns.

TERMS:

To mail subscribers: Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar for six months. One D. flar pays for one complete volume of 416 pages; two volumes comprise one year. The volumes commence on the first of deary and July. Specimen copies will be sent gratis to any part of the country. Also, a pamphit of instruction to inventors about obtaining patents, sent free.

IN SENATE.

SATURDAY, Dec. 7th, 1861. Prayer by the Rev. WM. McD. ABBETT, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. The urnal of yesterday was then read. Mr. PRALL was added to the Congres-

Mr. SPEED presented a petition from the Volunteers' Family Relief Association, praying that the General Assembly aid in providng for the families of the absent volunteers. Ordered to be printed and referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. ALEXANDER moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill, entitled "An act to change the boundary lines of Allen and Barren counties," was laid on the table. Adopted; and then the bill was read a third time, und passed.

REPORTS.

Mr. SPEED, of the Committee on Banks, reported an act to amend the charter of the Bank of Kentucky. [Allowing the removal of the effects of the branches, and the disconagency in lieu thereof, under such regulations as the bank may ndopt.] Passed.
Mr. ALEXANDER, Select Committee, re-

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS. Mr. GROVER offered the following joint

WHEREAS, In the war now so unhappily waged between the Federal and Confederate States, a great number of prisoners have been taken by either belligerent, by the ensualities of war, and are now confined in forts, jails,

and prisons; therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of
the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the Federal Government is hereby earnestly invoked to adopt prompt measures for an immediate exchange of prisoners with the Conderate States, upon such terms as humanity, tice, and the rules of civilized war shall

2. That the Governor of this Commonwealth be requested to communicate a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolution to the President of the United States, and to each of our Senators and Representatives in

LEAVES.

tions and Grievanees. Also-A bill for the benefit of Jesse F. Pedigo. Military Affairs.

HOUSE BILLS TAKEN UP.

An act for the benefit of John E. Young, of Bath county. Judiciary.
An act concerning pauper idiots. Circuit An act in regard to the renunciation of

wills hy widows. Judiciary.

An act to amend an act, entitled "An act to incorporate the town of Florence, in Boone Passed.

An act for the benefit of Nat. Harris, a free which the House passed to a third reading, and placed it in the orders of the day.

Lewis, deceased. Passed.

Mr. POWELL—Select Committee—A bill

Propositions and Grievances, reported a bill ceased. Passed. for the benefit of thecity of Frankfort. [The bill releases the inhabitants of the city from benefit of Geo. Heiskell, of Grayson county. the payment of the county levy, restoring Passed. them to the benefit of the general law which exempts such cities of the Stateas take care of the poor, and keep the streets and alleys clean.

Mr. ALEXANDER moved that a committee be appointed to ask the House to send back the bill concerning Major Pirtle. Adopt-Moore, late sheriff of Pendleton county.-

Mr. ALEXANDER offered a joint resolu-

Mr. WALTON moved an amendment to bill and ame prohibit the printing of the volume known as

The whole matter was referred to the Com- Passed

the vote by which the net, entitled "An act to amend an act, entitled an act supplemental to an act to raise volunteers to repel the invasion of the State, and for other purpose."

Alexander moved to reconsider resolution to provide for electing officers for the recruits now in command of Cols. Bayles and Worley.

After a lengthy and animated discussion. was passed. [This act embraces the interests | sented and withdrawn, the following prop and the vote reconsidered.

to the Anderson Seminary. Passed.

The Senate then adjourned until Monday morning next, at the usual hour.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, Dec. 7, 1861. Prayer by Rev. J. N. Norton, of the Episopal Church.

REPORT OF THE MILITARY BOARD, &C. The SPEAKER laid before the House following report of the Military Board, which was ordered to be printed, and referred to the Committee on Military Af-

To His Excellency, Governor Magoffin: Sir: I am directed by the Military Board to say to you that they regret their inability at present to make a detailed report of their cessantly engaged with the valuable assistn recruiting volunteers, and in providing their clothing and subsistence.

Their efforts have met with unexpected sac-The total number of enlisted men, as appears from the returns made to the Adjutant General to the 30th of this month, is

And this is in addition to the several com-The number of gentlemen authorized to raise regiments in the State was so great as muterially to retard the completion of any of them; and the Board deemed it due to the public interests to order a consolidation of all incomplete regiments on the 10th of November.

As was to be expected, very great difficulties have been encountered in carrying out this order.

Wherever the necessary arrangements could be made by the agreement of the of-ficers and men, they have met the hearty coneurrence of the Board. Where this could not be done, the Board have themselves mado consolidation in the way thought most beneficial to the public, endeavoring rlways to avoid the commission of injustice to the parties affected. Undoubtedly there have been eases of individual hardship. Gentlemen have given their time and means to recruiting, who have been deprived of their commands. The cheerfulness with which these gallant men have, in most cases, submitted to their sore disappointments, has exhibited to the public good deserving the ghest praise. But it could not be expected large numbers of men, for an indefinite po-

*The number of volunteers is stated from official returns; but in many instances the relis show larger numbers, and the discrepences occur from the negligeacouf officers in making their returns.

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DAILY KENTUCKY YEOMAN, riod, without receiving any service from them, for the purpose of enabling purticular individuals to receive appointments. The total amount of money borrowed by the Board from the banks ap to the present time,

is as follows: From the Bank of Kentucky......\$500,000 00 From the Farmers' Bank 250,000 00 From the Commercial Bank...... 100,000 00 From the Bank of Ashland 35,000 00

Amount borrowed prior to reorganzation of this \$80,000 00 Board..... Of which there had

22,440 52 been expended ... Total amount received by this\$1,492,559 48 Board.....\$1 Expenditures to 30th November,

........ 1,345,680 53 inclusive... Leaving naexpended at that date \$146,878 95

The Board expects additional advances of the effects of the branches, and the discon-tinuance of the same during the war, with an of Louisville, which declined a call upon her for an additional sum.

A large amount, in the aggregate, remains Mr. ALEXANDER, Select Committee, reported a bill for the benefit of Albert G. the scattered regiments in process of forma-Wagoner, late sheriff of Cumberland county. tion, for which, in many cases, vouchers have

not been returned. From an apprehension that the officers of the United States army would not be able to furnish clothing for the troops of the State as rapidly as it would be needed, the Quarterster General has, under the instructions of the Board, contracted for seventeen thousand suits of uniform clothing, and twenty thoasand great coats. They are now being rapidly supplied, and are of superior quality; and it is believed that the soldiers of the State will be comfortable.

In addition to troops reeruited since the commencement of the operations of this Board, there were already in service several regiments of volunteers. The Adjutant Generul has taken the necessary steps erfect rolls of these regiments, that they may

preserved in the proper office.

The alacrity with which the brave sons of our beloved Commonwealth have rallied to her defense, and that of our common country, must be truly gratifying to every loyal and patrioticheart.

J. B. TEMPLE,

Also laid before the House the Bienniul re-Mr. WALTON-A bill for the benefit of port of the Kentucky Agricultural Society, Robert Marshall, of Green county. Proposi- which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Manufactures.

A PETITION Was presented by Mr. BUSH, and appropriately referred.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED. The SPEAKER appointed Messrs, WARD, HUSTON, CHAMBERS, ALLEN, and PROCTOR, as the committee ordered by a resolution adopted by this House, touching the Institution for the Training and Educa-

tion of Feeble-minded Children. REPORTS. Mr. CHANDLER reported a fish bill,

Lewis, deceased. Passed.

Mr. GOODLOE, of the Committee on for the benefit of the heirs of Juo. Lewis, de-Mr. CONKLIN-Claims-A bill for the

Also-A bill for the benefit of Isage N.

Greathouse. Passed.
Mr. TAYLOR-Ways and Means-A bill for the benefit of W. S. D. Megowun.

Also-A bill for the benefit of James A. Passed.
Mr. YEAMAN-Internal Improvement

tion: That hereafter the Public Printer be --A bill abolishing the office of President of allowed to print only 2,500 copies of the Board of Internal Improvement. Various amendments were offered, and the ients referred.

Mr. BURNAM-Education-A bill for the benefit of school district No. 1, in Clay county. Mr. UNDERWOOD-Military Affairs-A

of Major Pirtle.] The motion was adopted tion, presented by Mr. J. B. COCHRAN, was

Mr. GOODLOE, of the Committee on Prapositions and Grievances, reported an act reducing to one, the various acts in the companies of the compan Resolved, That Capts. Wilson and Bateto order an election, and commission such offi-

ccrs as may be elected.

Mr. UNDERWOOD then made a report in relation to the arrests of Messrs. Kingston and others, of Anderson county, which reads

The Committee on Military Affairs have, according to order, had under consideration the resolution offered by Mr. Ash, of Anderson, and now report that it appeared, from the testimony submitted, that Francis Kingston, John Mizener, and John Smith, were forcibly seized, in the county of Anderson, by Captain Russell and about forty men under his command, well armed, and taken from said county as prisoners, said Russell being an officer in the regiment of Col. E. Dudley. It appeared from the proof that a dispute had taken place between Kingston and a soldier in Col. Dudley's regiment, named - Nealy, which resulted in blows, Kingston knocking Nealy down, and beating him severely. The operations. Since the re-organization of the Board in September last, they have been inwhich Nealy had used to the wife of Kings ance of Adjutant General, John W. Finnell, and Quartermaster General, W. A. Dudley, There was nothing of a political character in There was nothing of a political character in the quarrel. Nealy, from the testimony, is a man of intemperate habits and very bad character, and the committee are apprehensvie that the officers of his regiment have been imposed upon by misrepresentations. It did not appear that Mizenor and Smith took ny part in the beating which Nealy received. At the time the prisoners were arrested and pleted regiments prior to their operations, taken off, the civil authorities of Anderson county had instituted proceedings against Kingston, with a view to his punishment for assault and battery committed upon Nealy. To the civil authority should have been left the disposition of the whole case, in the opinion of your committee. The seizure of the parties, or any of them, by a military force, unless done when called on to aid the civil authority, is altogether illegal. It is a wrong for which the existing laws furnish adequate redress, provided they can be enforced. The chairman of your committee has been directed to write to those who are sup-posed to have control of the prisoners, and to equest their restoration to their homes. It is believed that the arrests were made without warrant issued from proper authority, setting forth cause for the arrest, and verified by outh or affirmation, as the Constitution requires. Such practices, in the opinion of your committee, deserve the severest condemnation The committee do not perceive that any additional legislation is necessary, and therefore ask to be discharged from the further con-

sideration of the subject. Mr. GARDNER offered the following res that the State should continue to subsist olutions, which were referred, under the rule:

When Cataline was called upon by his accomplices to arm the slaves of Rome, that

unbounded thought, when told to arm the to preserve it; and that it is a daty our peoserfs of Russia and he could subdue that Em- ple owe to themselves to aid the Government pire, they both refused; the first with the ex- in the execution of its laws. proclaiming the emancipation of the slaves and no means should be used subversive of said, "hamanity would shudder at the idea of either. placing arms in the hands of those unfit to be

officers of the United States army, and members of the Cabinet of the present Administration, and newspapers of the Free States, 4. That whilst we admit a \$1,435.000 00 the arming of slaves against their masters in

Therefore, be it Resolved, That this House is of the opinion warfare, inhuman and harbarus, and would

receive the just condemnation of the civilized | those of the African race residing in a State, Mr. V. B. YOUNG, from the Committee the operation of its laws.

ooks and documents. Passed.
Mr. HUSTON moved the following resolareferred to the Committee on Federal Rela-

1. Resolved by the General Assembly of the ing civil war, forced upon the National Government without cause by the disunionists, State laws; and that when they occupy a state or any part thereof, and the civil ernment in any "spirit of oppression, or for held to service in the State under the laws any purpose of conquest or subjugation, or thereof are temporarily at liberty, and may the rights or established institutions of any of labor, for wages or otherwise. the States, free or slave, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality, and rights of the several States gest any thing better; and whilst loyal men unimpared; and that as soon as these objects

are accomplished, the war ought to cease. 2. That in the adoption of the foregoing resolution by the National Congress, with are trying to destroy. unprecedented ananimity, at its late session, a rule of action was prescribed to the Government from which it cannot depart without a disregard of the plighted faith of the National Legislature, which we would be slow to be-

any such departure we solemnly protest.

8. That the purposes expressed in said reso-avoidable in the fortunes of war. to seek their achievement with all her loyal energies and means, in the confident hope of success, and belief that the country saved, in our triumph, to us and to posterity, will still be glorious in the freedom of its people, in the unity of its government and the security of society, and worth infinitely more than it cost to save it.

4. That we have learned with amazement that the authorities of the Confederate States have armed negroes and Indians to wage war upon our Government and people, and utterly condemn it, and that we would deplore and protest against our National Government following their example and arming slaves to be used as soldiers to fight in the existing war, and we cannot believe that the National

Executive entertains any such purpose.

5. That we deem slavery a State institution, and we cannot agree that the National Goverument, to which we are and intend to be loyal, shall undertake the emancipation of slaves against the will of slaveholding States.

Against such a course we remonstrate.
6. That a copy of the foregoing resolutions be forwarded by the Governor to the Presideut of the United States, and to our Senators and Representatives in Congress, to be laid before that body

Also reported a bill in relation to the pub-Ordered that the bill be printed and placed in the orders of the day.

Mr. YEAMAN offered the following resolutions, which were ordered to be printed and referred to the Committee on Federal Rela-1. Resolved by the General Assembly of the

Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the Government of the United States, in resisting and supressing the rebellion, need not and ought ot to interfere with the property rights of loyal citizens or those not aiding the rebel- in the protection of their property.

3. That the causes for which property may be confiseated, the kinds that may be, and the term for which it may be, are questions of judicial cognizance, which we leave for the courts to determine.

4. That while we are willing to meet in a spirit of conciliation those who are willing to be reasoned with, we do now affirm that we have no compromises or terms to offer to those who, in advance, reject all terms compatible with the authority and existence of the Government, and especially none to those of Kentucky who, in their public proceedings, have "bid defiance" to both the Federal and State Governments. They mast either submit unconditionally to the Constitution and laws of the United States, or conquer the Government; therefore, the first thing to be done s to try which is the stronger, the rebellion or the Government.

5. That the people of Kentucky will continue to determine their conduct towards the in Kentucky, universal execration. Federal Government by their own relations with that Government; that they will address themselves to their own grievances when any arise, and not to the grievances, supposed or real, of their enemies; that they will not make the complaints of those who begun the rebellion, without justification, a eause for revolutionizing their own Government or their connection with the Federal Government; and that whatever sympathy they once may have had with the people the seeded States, Kentucky will not make common cause with those who are using all their power to subjugate her people and make

a conquest of her territory.
6. That the Government of the United States would violate every principle of right and humanity, and be made infamons in the judgment of the civilized world, by putting arms in the hands of slaves; therefore not for a moment believe it will invoke the assistance of such allies. If the Government cannot support and defend itself without their assistance, it had better surreader the struggle

7. That copies of these resolutions be sent to the President and our Representatives in Congress

Mr. CURTIS reported a bill for the benefit of the jailer of Estill county. Passed.
A bill authorizing the holding of a special election in Pendleton county. Passed.
Mr. SPARKS offered the following resolu-

tion, which was referred to the committee, Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That any member of this House hereafter offering resolutions for the independence or recognition of the so-called confederated States, or offering resolutions, memorials, or papers for a dis-union of the Government of the United

States, that it shall be good cause for expelling such members from this House forth-Mr. HARNEY moved the following resolutions, which were ordered to be printed and Culloch hus gone into winter quarters on Pea referred:

pression "that it would be bad policy to appear to blend the cause of freenen with that of fagitive shrees," and the other hy pursuance thereof, are the objects of this war,

3. That whilst we hold property, of any trusted with the liberty they desire;" and Whereas, It has been advocated by certain fully seized by the Government, the confiscation of private property is unwarranted by

4. That whilst we admit any policy demanded by the necessities of war. what is now known as the Confederate States: limited by these necessities, both in its extent

5. That the permanent emancipation of that the arming of slaves against their masters would be contrary to all rules of civilized power of the Federal Government. 6. That when military necessities cease

are at the disposal of the State, and under That this Government was made by on the Library, reported a bill to enable the Secretary of State to distribute the public white men for white men, and that the employment of African slaves to preserve it is Mr. HUSTON moved the following resola-tions, which were ordered to be printed and betrays weakness and desperation, and follows the mean example of the rebels, which is

to be shunned, not imitated. 8. That the military of the United States Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the exist- are neither bound nor authorized to execute should not be waged upon the part of the Gov- authorities abandon their functions, persons e of overthrowing or interfering with be rightfully used by the military in manual

9. That there are intrinsic difficulties on have a right to require an adherence to the Constitution, it is sheer impertinence in rebels to demand rights from a Government they

10. That we have a firm faith in a majority of the people of the United States; and we lieve can be seriously entertained. Against any such departure we solemnly protest.

lution is the great end demanded, and that which inspires Kentucky with patriotic ardor errors of the Administration, a dissolution of the Union is a remedy for none of them; but an aggravation of thear all; we, therefore, adhere to the advice of Washington, to discountenance even the suggestion that the Union can, in any event, be abandoned.
Mr. WOLFE offered the following resolu-

tions, which were orderee to be printed and WHEREAS. The people of Keatucky, on every casion offered at the polls, have evinced their loyal devotion to the Union, as it was founded by our fathers, and by their Legislature have deplored the acts of rebellion on the part of a pertion of the States, and would new act as a medioecasions, that a period may be put to the civil war and peace restored by the guarantee of every right of person and property, and by the enforcement of the constitution in its proper and har-

monious spirit; therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That slavery having been solemnly guaranteed under the constitution, Kentucky looks to that constitution as its sarest protection, and believes that there is no security r its preservation outside of that consititution, which so wisely compromised all the antagonistic interests of the various sections of the Union, and reduced them to a harmonious and happy system, reciprocally depending on the fidelity which animated the sections in earrying out all such such compromises and giving assurance of

research stem compromises and giving assurance of protection to every right of property.

Resolved, That we regard the action of the present Federal Administration, the action of Congress in its legislation, under the act of August 6, 1861; the instruction of President Lincoln to the heads of the various military divisions, and the proclamation of the generals commanding the Federal armies in the slave border States, as so many cumulative proofs that the government of the United States has acted within the limits of the constitution, and eviaced a

Resolved, That Congress having recognized the 2. That in the disposition of any property rights of slaveholders in the slave States, and legally confiscated to the use of the Government, the object should be to punish treason stitution of the United States, that such rights and suppress the rebellion; and no such should be placed beyond the power of federal property should be confiscated, used, or disposed of so as, by the action of the Government, to ulter permanently the legal or polititimate settlement of disputed points, while at the same time they were prepared to betray her most treacherously, and under pretext of erashing out this rebellion, destroy the value and impair the security of the most important species of property recognized under her State laws.

Resolved, That we recognize the right of confiscation of the property of rebels as a high national prerogative, which the Pederal Government is justified in exercising under the careful restraints of proper laws ; but that we deprecate the idea of exercising the right of confiscation against those who have committed no overt act of treason, no matter what opinious they may have formed or expressed apoa the unhappy national coatro-

Resolved, That the arming of slaves, whether captured when aiding their ewners in acts of rebelliou or as fagitives from service, is an atroeity repugnant to the sentiments of Kentucky, and calculated to bring disgrace apon a war which should be waged only for the preservation of our national unity; an act so atrocious would meet,

Besolved, That we feel every confidence that the Government will prosecute the war with a view to aphold the Constitution, and without a lesign to destroy the rights of loyal citizens, or course would break down the Union, and Kenucky, loyal as she is, would recoil from that, as likely to involve all in a common rain, and destroy her interests individually, as those of the disloyal

Also reported a hill in relation to watchnen in the city of Louisville. Passed.

Mr. TAYLOR moved the following reso-

lution, which was adopted: Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be required to enquire into the pro priety of raising a military force, not exceedng 5,000 in number, of cavelry or mounted rillemen, to be mustered into the service of the State of Kentucky, said force to be employed in such exposed parts of the State as are not protected by the presence of the troops of the Federal Government.

And then the House adjourned. COURT OF APPEALS.

FRIDAY, Dec. 6th, 1861. eauses necroed.

Hunter et al. v. McCo, et al, llenry; affirmed.
Phillips v Tillsworth, Fulton; affirmed as to Clark
Phillips, but as to Thomas Philips is reversed.
Morbly's ex'rs v Young's adm'r, Greenup; reversed.

ORDERS.

ORDEAS,

Iluling's adm'r v lagram et al, Wayne; response to petition for renearing delivered, and petition for rehearing overraled.

Blanchett et al v Mussolman, Grant; affidavit filed and motion for spec duces treum.

Young et al v Duhme & Co., Harrison; motion to affirm as a delay case.

Sinith v Smith, Mason; petition for rehearing filed. Wood & Calhoon v Cohh. Calloway; continued. Churchill v Murphy, Calloway;

Bent, Duvall & Co. v Steamer "Belle Sheridan," Calloway;

Ilayes et ux et al v Morrow et al, Calloway—submittel on briefs.

Rolla, Mo., Dec. 6. Advices from the southwest say that Me-Ridge, near Bentonville, Benton county 1. Resolved, That the General Assembly Ark, where he is putting up barracks for his

--- His Views of the Negre Question --- How He Would Employ the Slaves.

We make the following extract from the late Report of the Secretary of War. It em-

bodies his views apon the negro question: War, even between independent untions, is made to subdue the enemy, and all that belongs to that enemy, by occupying the hostile War, even between independent nations, is made to subdue the enemy, and all that belongs to that enemy, by occupying the hostile country, and exercising dominion over all the men and things within its territory. This being true in respect to independent nations at war with each other, it follows that rebels, who are laboring by force of arms to overwho are laboring by force of arms to overthrow a government, jastly bring upon themselves all the consequences of war, and provoke the destruction merited by the worst of crimes. That government would be false to crimes. That government would be false to national trust, and would justly excite the ridicale of the civilized world, that would abstain from the use of any efficient means to preserve its own existence, or to overcome a rebellious and traitorous enemy, by sparing or protecting the property of those who are waring war against it.

Al., and depart at 9:50, A. M.

The Morning Train West makes connection for Chicago, leaving defersonville at 2:50 P. M.

The Morning Train west connection for the West and South.

The Nashville Train sleave Louisville at 7:45 A. M. and tepart at 9:50, A. M.

The Morning Train west makes connection for the west and South.

The Nashville Train makes connection for the West and South.

The Nashville Train makes connection for the west and South.

The Nashville Train makes connection for the west and South.

South. waging war against it

The principal wealth and power of the rebel States is a peculiar species of property, consisting of the service or labor of African slaves, or the descendants of Africans. This property has been variously estimated at the value of from \$700,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000.

Why should this property be exempt from the hazards and consequences of a rebellious

It was the boast of the leader of the rebellion, while he yet had a seat in the Senate of the United States, that the Southern States would e comparatively safe and free from the burdens of war, if it should be brought on by the contemplated rebellion, and that boast was necompanied by the savage threat that "Northern towns and eities would become the vie tims of rapino and military spoil," and that "Northern men should smell Southern gunpowder and feel Southern steel." doubts the disposition of the rebels to carry that threat into execution. The wealth of Northern towns and cities, the produce of Northern farms, Northern workshops and manufactories, would certainly be seized, destroyed, or appropriated as military spoil. No property in the North would be spared from the hands of the rebels, and their rapine would be defended under the laws of While the loyal States thus have all their property and possessions at stake, are the insurgent rebels to carry on warfare against the government in peace and security to their

own property? on and justice and self-preservation forbid that such should be the policy of this government, but demand, on the contrary, that, being forced by traitors and rebels to the extremity of war, all the rights and powers of war should be exercised to bring it to a

speedy end.
Those who make war against the Government justly forfeit all rights of property, privilege, or security derived from the Constitution and laws against which they are in armed rebellion; and as the labor and service of their slaves constitute the chief property of the rebels, such property should share the common fate of war to which they have devoted the property of loyal citizens.

While it is plain that the slave property of the South is justly subjected to all the consequences of this rebellious war, and that the Government would be untrue to its trust in not employing all the rights and powers of war to bring it to a speedy close, the details of the plan for doing so, like all other mili-tary measures, must, in a great degree, be left be determined by particular exigencies. The disposition of other property belonging to the rebels that becomes subject to our urins is governed by the circumstances of the case. The Government has no power to hold slaves, none to restrain a slave of his liberty, or to exact his service. It has a right, however, to use the voluntary service of slaves liberated by war from their rebel masters like any other property of the rebels, in whatever mode may be most efficient for the defense of the Government, the prosecution of the war, and the suppression of the rebellion. clearly a right of the Government to arm slaves, when it may become necessary, as it is to use gunpowder taken from the enemy. Whether it is expedient to do so is purely a Whisky-none better.

A well selected slock of old and new Beurbe Whisky-none better. military question. The right is anquestionmust be determined by circumstances, keeping in view the content of the expediency and "Compania." ing in view the great object of overcoming the rebels, re-estublishing the laws, and ro-

storing peace to the nation.

It is vain and idle for the Government to carry on this war, or hope to maintain its existence against rehelicus force, without employing all the right and at fair prices.

Groceries.

Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, and every thing in the greecery line of the best quality and at fair prices. ploying all the rights and powers of war. As of their property in slaves and slave labor is as clear and absolute as the right to take forage from the field or estimate.

The hest brands of Flour and Meal constantly on hand.

Family Supplies age from the field, or cotton from the warehouse, or powder and arms from the magazine. To leave the enemy in the possession of such property as forage and cotton and military stores, and the means of constantly reproducing them, would be madness. It is, therefore, equal madness to leave them in peaceful and secure possession of slave property, more valuable and efficient to them for war than forage, cotton, and military stores Such policy would be national suicide. What to do with that species of property, is a question that time and circumstance will solve, and need not be anticipated further than to repeat that they cannot be held by the Government as slaves. It would be useless to keep Such policy would be national suicide. What ent as slaves. It would be useless to keep them as priseners of war; and self-preserva-tion, the highest daty of a government, or of individuals, demands that they should be disposed of or employed in the most effective manner that will tend most speedily to sup-press the insurrection and restore the authority of the Government. If it shall be found that the men who have been held by the robels as slaves are capable of bearing arms and performing efficient military service, it is the right, and may become the duty, of the Govnment to arm and equip them, and employ their services against the rebels, under prop er military regulation, discipline, and com-

But, in whatever manner they may be used hy the Government, it is plain that, once liberated by the rebellious act of their masters, they should never again be restored to bond By the master's treason and rebellion he forfeits all right to the labor und service of his slave; and the slave of the rebellious master, by his service to the Government, becomes justly entitled to freedom and protec-

The disposition to be made of the slaves of rebels, after the close of the war, can be safely left to the wisdom and patriotism of Congress. The representatives of the people will unquestionably secure to the loyal siaveholders every right to which they are entitled under the Constitution of the country

SIMON CAMERON, To the President. Secretary of War. NEW YORK, Dec. 6. The steamer Vanderbilt arrived from Port

Royal on the 3d. No news. The health of the troops was good. Beaufort is nnoecupied. The Vanderbilt brings five of the crew of the schooner Albion, taken in attempting to run the blockade. She also briags ono Seecssion spy, takeu at Port Royal. KANSAS CITY, Dec. 5.

By order of Gen. Hunter, Col. Jenkins' reg-1 iment moved to a point midway between Kansas City and Leavenworth yesterday. All communication between here and Inde-

Report of the Secretary of War, Simon Cameron Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington and Frankfort Railroad Co.'s.

O N and after Monday, October 28, 1861, trains will urrive at and depart from Frankfort as follows:

FREIGUT TRAINS.

Trains going East in the evening arrive at 1:05, P. M. and depart at 1:35, P. M. Trains going West in the morning arrive at 9:20, A. M., and depart at 9:50, A. M.

SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent.



Dr. MERWIN'S FEVER & AGUE PILLS.

Fir the permanent cure of Fever and Agus Chills, Fever Congestive Chills, Remittent Fever, Bilious Fever, Dumb Ague, and all periodical diseases that have their arigin in the miasmatic effluvia arising from decayed vege-

THESE "Pills" never fail to cure all of the above named Fevers, and what is better, they also act as a preventive, if taken occasionally, or daily, while exposed to the infection. Hence the old adage, "An ounce of preventire is worth a pound of cure," DR. MERWIN'S "Fever and Ague Pills" DEFER FROM ALL OTHER Chill Medicines, in the following particulars:

allars:
1st. They never fail to perform a speedy and permanent cure.
2d. They are recommended only for one class of

diseases.
3d. They are agreechle and convenient to take,
4th. They contain no poisonous minerals, being
purely vegetable.
5th. They do not impair the erganic functions of
the stomach or any part of the system.
6th. They require no other medicine to prepare the
system for their reception, or afterwards to allay
insitation.

system for their reception, or afterwards to allay irritation.

7th. They are not a northern "catch-penny humbug." but are prepared by gentlemen that were born, reared and educated under the henign inflaence of southern institutions.

IT REMEMBER when you purchase these Pills, that YOU ARE NOT contributing means for "Yankee Emigrant Aid Societies," or Sharp's rifles and hovie knives, for "Bleeding Kansas," as you many times have done, in buying northern articles.

We wish all to distinctly understand that this is a SOUTHEAN MEDICINE, prepared from the simple plants that grow in our Wood-lands, on our Riverbanks, Bayous, and Lakes.

It "I'll as special merit, we wish to call attention to the fact, that in using this Medicine you only take a free Pills. Is not this preferable to swallouging a pint of manseous micture which, at best, can only produce the same result!

If "Price & I per Bottle."

If Price \$1 per Bottle.
ONE DOLLAR and four 3 cent poster stamps, inclosed to the Proprietors or to already any lealer in Medicines in the Southern State, will ins rea hottle of Pills by return mail.

POTTER & MERWIN, Sole Proprietors,

Memphis, Tenn.

Sold in Frankfort by J. M. Mills and W. H. Averill.

Wilson, Peter & Co., and Raymond & Tyler
Louisville, Ky., Wholesale Agents.

oct ii w&t-wlf

W. H. KEENE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL OROCER AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, WINES, AND CIGARS. Corner of St. Clair and Wapping Streets, Frankfert, Kentacky,

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OLD BOURBON WHISKY.

A full assortment of Pitkin, Wiard & Co.'s celebrated Garden Seeds constantly on hand during the season.

Flour and Meal.

I have everything in the line of Groeeries, Provisions, Liquers, &c., &c. Also Agricultural Implements, Garden and Field Seeds, Tobacco and Cigars &c., all of which are selected from the best assortments and with great care.

I only ask an examination of my stock to insure sales. My terms are as heretofore, preferring Cash, but will sell to prompt customers payable 1st Jauuary, May, and September. Call and see me. mar? w&t-wtf

Nelson County Lands.

Names.	No. acres	Water Course.		Year Lis-	Value of Land.	These tow	Toral tan.
George Ahell	278	Cox's	er.	1859	\$5500	27	50
Same	278	Cox's	cr.	1860	6,000	30	
Same Thos. Shircliffe	218	Cox's Mill			5,500		50
Same			er.	1860 1861	200	1	
J. Wood Wilson	100	Sturt'	CI.	1860	3,000	1	00
Same	100	Sturt	a cr	1861	2,500	12	50
Ben. Hardin's heirs	700	Beech	fk.	1860	7,500		
Gabriel Kendrick	30			1860	1,200	6	
Same	30			1861	450		25
Sarah Thomas	96	Cex's	cr.	1861	1,450		25
Edward Roby	20	Cox's	cr.	1561	200	1	00
Smith Hohhs, gd'n.		0 1					
for Stephen May.		Cox's			1,000		00
Frank Thomas	() EI	Cox's	er.	1001	1,000		00
Jno. W. Baky's hr's	105	West	CI.	1861	1,400	3	
Edward Beam, gd'n	170	11 031	1 17.	1001	1,400	-	00
Dodson's heirs	150	Dry R	un.	861	2,200	11	00
R. L. Thompson	65	Mill	cr.	1860	300	1	50
Same	65	Mill		1861	300	1	50
Jno Mulcan's ex'r	330	Mill	er.	1861	3,300	16	50
Jeff Sette, gd'n T. M. Wilkerson		21121			000		
M. Wilkerson	41	Mill	er.	1861	800	4	00
Same, ad'u S. E. Buckwan	40	Mill	0.5	1861	800	4	00
William Piles				1861	800		00
Mrs. Bell	130	(ox's	er.	1861	2,800		
McGrue's heirs		Cux's		1861	2,000		
S. B. Young, and							
wife (1 town lot)				1861	3,000		
		Cedar			4,500	55	
Dr. Jackson	170	Mill	Cr.	1861	0,800		00
T. W. Kiley & Wile.	127	Beech	IK.	1861	1 300		50
T. W. Riley & wife. G. W. Dixon & wife Jas. Hardin's hr's	119	Beech	FIK.	1861	1,300		50
R. C. Palmer's hr's.	100	Beech	er.	1001	1,300		50
John L. Helm and	141	170001	10.	1001	1,500	0	JU
wife	114	Beech	fk.	1861	1,300	6	5
French G Slaughter		Cedar		1861	300		56
McFarland's hr's, (1				2002	400		-
town lnt				1860			00
Same (I town lot)		/1 /		1861	400		UU
Catharine Hibbs	60	Cox's	Cr.	1.60	1,100		50
Same	CII	krin's	er.	1860	1,185		36
	60	-		1861	1,000		90
net26 wtd	177	W. SA	AIT	THE	CT 9.7	18	

COMMITTED TO JAIL.

STATE OF KENTIBEY, COMMITTED to the juli of Livingston County, Ky., August 31st, 1861, a negro woman, named JANE, she said to belong to Wright Smidt, of East Teunessee; is about twenty or twenty-one years old; copper color; front teeth a little decayed; five feethigh; weight ahout 126 pounds.

The rebel Hays, with three hundred men. visited Independence Monday. He seized all the horses belonging to the Pacific Stage Company, and a general confiscation of all 2 1876. E seper wif



STEAM PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT. YEOMIM OFFICE,

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WE call the intention of heads of Colleges, officers of Agricultural Societies, county officers, Magistrines, and all others desiring good work on the best terms, to our superior facilities for printing CATALOGUES.

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It have a visiting Frankfort to attend any of the Courts, can have their briefs or business cards printed at the shortest notice.

It Particular attention given to printing in inks of different colors. All orders will receive prompt attention. Address

S. I. M. MAJOR & CO., S. I. M. MAJOR & CO., Frankfort, Ky.

may26 tf DICK'S ACCOUNTANT

DISPATCH PATENT

DISPATCH PATENT.

The Inventor's Claims as acknowledged and protected by the Governments of Counda, the United States, and liveat Britain;

to all schom it may concern.

What I claim as my invention is, the contrivance of keeping accounts current, of whatever kind, description, or variety, in printed form, by keeping the statements of the several accounts standing in printers' type, or their equivalents, the type being so arranged in form as to admit of being readily and quickly resadjusted in any particular part, where an account may have undergone a charac, by the lapse or line or the current at business transactions; so that, when readjusted in all such parts up to an given date, an impression then taken from the type shall exhibit, in printed form, the true state of all the necounts so kept, necentacly representing all the balances or conclusions, in accordance with he end or ends contemplated in keeping the record; rendering it, in commercial business, a balance sheet of the most compact and perfect character. We detailed management being substantially as recited in specification, wherein it is shown, that the fact or facts to he recorded, may be represented by figures, symbols, dates, or numbers, used either separately or in embination, or by whatever cless will indicate the fact or facts as desired; and turtherware, based on this primary invention, I also claim the device or contrivance or rendering are counts by the use of the Itspatch Machine, constituted of Apron Movement, Reel, and Cutter stamp, I claim in the broadest and tulest sense; and also the mechanic itself, cunhracing all its forms and unders of operating, as inheated in describing it, either as a simple hand instrument, or as propolled by machinery. And in connection with these specific claims, and based upon them, I also claim all other means an appliances substantially the same as those herein claims I my acknowledged and protected as ab ve, this invention has alread spread united fover Canada, eighteen states of the American Union, and i

Rev. Robert Dick, Fort Eric, C. W., or to his Agent and Atttorney. John J. Hannes, London, England.



5 5 5 5 5 5 DR. HOOFLAND'S

AND

DR. HOOFLAND'S RALSAMIC COR-THE great standard medicines of the present age,

have acquired their great popularity only through years of trial. Unbounded satisfaction is rendered by them in all cases; and the people have prone uneed them worthy. them worldy.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Janudice, Debility of the Nervous System, Discusses of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered liver or weakness of the stounch and digestive organs, are speedily and permanently cured by the GERMAN participals.

The Balsamic Cordial has acquired a reputation urpussing that of any similar preparation extant,— [t will cure, without fall, the most severe and long-

Cold, Hourseness, Beonchitis, Influenza Croup, Pyeumonia, Incipient Croup, Pneumonia, Inc. Consumption, and has performed the most astonishing cures ever

Confirmed Consumption. A few doses will also at once check and cure the nest severe DIARRILEA proceeding from Cold in

most severe DARKINGLA proceeding from Cold is THE BOWELS.

These medicines are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON & Co., No. 418 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., and are sold by druggists and dealers in medicine overswhere, at 75 cents per bottle. The signature of C. M. JACKSON will be on the outside wrupper of each bottle. e. In the Almanae published annually by the propri-tors, called EVERY BODY'S ALMANAC, you will find

etors, ealled EVERY DULY S ACCESS from all parts testimony and commendatory notices from all parts of the country. These Almanaes are given uway by all our agents.

CAUTION.—Beware of a spurious article called Hoodand's Superior German Bitters. Be sure to get Hoodand's Genuine Bitters, manufactured by C. M. Jackson & Co., Philadelphia. None Germine without the signature of C. M. Jackson on the wrapper of each bettle.

each hottle.
Sold in Lugrange by Jas. Hoopweed; in Frankfort by W. li, Averill, and all druggists.
ian17 w&1-w15

E. BARKER.

S. BARKER & CO. 317, Fourth Street, Louisville, Kv.,

HAVE just received, and are receiving dails, the largest and best variety of tashionable fall dr. Dry Goods ever brought to this market, comprising in part of 200,000 pards new style print, at 6 1-4, 8, and 10e, per yard, hleached and brown Canton Flannol, all wool Flannel in every color Jeans, Lindeeps, Domostics, all kinds of Ilousokeeping Gools, Irish Linnen, se, &c. Also something particularly new in ladies' walking and traveling Dress thoods, plain and frace Silks; also just received a large a uetion lat of French Merinoes, a large line of broche and wool Shawls, comprising the latest styles and movelties, Cloaks, Mantles, &c.; also Cleths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Tweeds, and all kinds of goods for uen's wear; Carpets, Oil Cloths, Lace, and Damask Curtain Goods.

Goods freely shown, and purchasers are requested te examine our stock hefore buying elsewhere.

Septs—w4t

YOU CAN'T FIND AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS HEIMSTREETS INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE.

It is the Gnly Reliable Article For the Bald and Grey. Read the testimeny from Kentucky. PAUCAH, KY., July 27, 1860,

Dear Sir :—I have used Heimstreet's Inimitable. Har Restorative, and am entisted, from an experience in all other preparations for the like purpose, that it is the only active ever before the public worth purchasing. Yours truly.

JOHN G. DALY.

PADUCAH, KY., July PARCEAR, KY., JULY

Gents:—Above please find statement of Mr. John G.
Daly, mere hant of our city, in regard to lly instruct's INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE. This testimony is given after having used most of the preparations now before the public charming to be ltair Restoratives, and most be considered conclusive as to the merits of the Inimitable. Am out if the Inimitable, Am out if the Inimitable, and other the Inimitable, and other the Inimitable, and before. Very truly yours, W. A. BLLL.

IT WILL RESTORE THE NATURAL

COLOR OF THE HAIR, where age or sickness has turned it grey, and it will render it soft and gloss).

"ANYBODY" Who may try it, will find that it does not color the skin, but, by stundating the natural secretions at the roots, gives new if and strength to the llair, and thus restores its color and freshness. It can be used as treely as water upon the scalp, and with as much safety—ts composed of oil and stimulating spirits, and as an article for the toilet has no equal.

FRend this letter: St. Louis, Mo., June 1st, 1959.

Missus, W. E. HAGAN & Co.: I hereb, certif, that my flair beying become grand my head partially bald, I hought trom flet Republic, thruggist, one four-bit bottle of HLL STREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR KESTORATIA STIGET'S INIMITABLE HARR SESTORATIVE.
By its use my hair was restored to its original eclor and thickness; it removed all dandruff, arrested its fulling, and gave it arich, glossy appearance. Its effects were entirely different from any Hair Preparatical lever used before. I knew of several ladies and geatlemen, my intimatefriends, who all speak of the "Inimitable" as boing tho best and cheapest Hair Preparation in our market. I can fully resommend it, and will refer any one to Henry Reynolds, Druggist, ter the truth of my statements.

WILLIAM BOSBYSHALL.

Read one of the muny letters received by the Pre-St. Louis, Mo., August 2, 1860.

MESSRS, W. E. HAGAN, & Co., Troy, V. Y. Messrs, W. E. Hagan, & Co., Troy, N. Y.

Gents:—The happ, results tending the use of the more to slaminate Engineer's symmather timevery sense of the word Meir Restorative seems to demand that I should give an testimeny that other tadies might profit by it. I have never used a hair preparation that I liked so well. It has couple dy restored every bair that was grey, to the colorit was in guilhood, and has brought it out thick and healthy. I was induced to use the article by Mr. Keynolds, nour agent here. If this fetter will be of service, you may publish it.

Very respectfully yours.

Mrs. M. M. BORST, Brooklyn st.
Seld everywhere—Price 50c and 81 per bottle.

W. E. HAGAN & CO. Praprietars Troy, N. V.

W. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y. aprid w&t-w3m



BEFORE TAKING THE AFTER TAKING THE ELIXIR. DR. WRIGHT'S

CELEBRATED REJUVENATING ELIXIR!!

by one of the ablest Chemists of the age.

This is altogether a new medicine, the result of anodern discoveries in the vegetable kingdom being an entirely new and abstract method of cure, irrespective of all the old and worn-out systems published by accomplished quarks to the suffering. Dr. Wright, well knowing the deception practised upon the uninitated, felt it his duty at once to lave this Elixir tested by the whole Medical Frentty, who, without even one dissenting voice, have given in their adherence to its perfect and undivided control over the whole physical man when his trume has been reduced, and when all other medicines known to the Pharmacopein have been tried in vain. Long thought, sears of patient investigation, and a not desperantum determination, have ecowned the Doctor's efforts, and he now thers the Elixir to suffering barmanity as the only thing that can cure the following diseases—namely:

IISCREES-DAMENT
JENERAL DE LICHTY,
JENERAL DE LICHTY,
JENERAL AND PHYSICAL ITEPRESSION,
DETERMINATION OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD,
[MBECILLIY,
CONFESED IDEAS,
HYS FERRA,
GENERAL IERITARH ITY.

GENERAL PRITABULITY,
RESTLESSNESS AND SLEEPLESSNESS AT ABSENCE OF MUSOULAR EFFICIENCY, LOSS OF APPETITE, DYSPEPSIA, EMACLATION, LOW SPIRITS,

LOW SPIRITS,
DISDRIGANIZATIOM OF THE OR-GANS OF GENERATION,
FALPITATION OF THE HEART,
And, in fact, all the concomitants of a nervous and
debilitated state of the system.

As a Stimulant. It is quite different from alcoholic preparations. It is not subject to reactions in any share; it continues to exert its influence, gradually and efficiently, as long as the least necessity exists for its pressuco.

As a Female Medicine, this equally powerfun and effective, and restores the equilibrium sooner and safer than all the other medicines which for years have flooded the market, and which are only injurious, in place of assisting or renovating the constitution; for a very good reason too, that they are only made from the effusions of minds ignorant of the Medical profession altogether.

Time rale

*

No Blinerals! Dr. Wright thinks it well to stake his professional character on the fact, that no minerals whatever form the least component parts of the ingreducts in his Rejuventing Elixir—well knowing what ruin has been entailed ou the community by opium and

mercury.
Generally, to the debilitated, Dr. Wright would say, New r despair. No uniter how worn down you may be no matter how weak you are no uniter what the cause may have been forsake at one whatever hasled you to depart it out Hygienic principles—take

Rejuvenating Ellxir. Rejuvenating Blaxir,
And you will soon find yourself a new man—a pride
instead of the reverse, to your friends, and a health,
sound, and worthy member of the human family.
Il Plrice \$2 per hottle, or three bottles for \$3, and
forwarded by mail to all parts of the kinited States
Sald by all respectable Druggists throughout the
United States and Canadus. The trade supplied at a
library discount.

iberal discount.
For sale by the proprieters.
J. WRIGHT & CO.
21 and 154 Chartres street,
New Orleans, La.
Sold in Frankfor by W. II. Averill, J. M. Mills, and

Raymond & Tyler, and Wilson, Peter & Co., Louis-villo, wholesale ngents. oct16 w&t-wly EXTRACT OF TOBACCO

For dipping Sheep and Lambs, and for destroying all kinds of Vermin on other animals.

On other animals.

THE Manufacturers of this new and valuable preparation, beg leave to call the attention of Farmers and Graziers to this effectual remedy for destroying Ticks, Lice, and all other in-cets injurious to animals and leveration, and preventing the alarming attacks of the Fly and Scab on Sheep.

Its use not only removes the vermin on unimals, but cleanses and parifies the skin, thereby materially benefiting their general health, and greatly improving wool, both in qu dity and quantity.

This article completely superscales that laborious and disagreeable work of preparation in your own buildings for Sheep-washing, as it is ready at all times, in any climate, and for all descriptions of Sheep, even for eves in lamb, and can be furuished at a much reduced, cost. at a much reduced cost. & CO.

mar15 w3m 23 Central Wharf, Boston.

A Specific for Hooping-Cough and 10e, per yard, bleached and brown Canton Flanged and 10e, per yard, bleached and brown Canton Flanged and 10e, per yard, bleached and brown Canton Flanged and 10e, per yard, bleached and brown Canton Flanged and 10e, per yard, bleached and brown Canton Flanged and 10e, per yard, bleached and wood Flanged and 10e, per yard, bleached and yard and 10e, per yard, bleached and yard probability of the part of the feet and yard part of the feet yard part of the feet and yard part of the feet and yard part of the feet and yard part of the feet y A Specific for Hooping-Cough

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS? DO YOU WANT WHISKERS? DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?

DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE? BELLINGHAM'S CELEBRATED

STIMULATING ONGUENT

For the Whiskers and Hair. The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the Citizens of the United States, that they have ob-tained the Agency for and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the wheve justly celebrated and world renowned mittel.

THE STIMTLATING ONGUENT Is prepared by Dr. C. P. Bellingham, an emineral physician of London, and is warranted to bring out

WHISKERS OR A MUSTACHE,

in from three to six weeks. This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Purisit is in universaluse.

It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulting compound, acting us if by megic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the sealp, it will cure BALINESS, and cause to spring up in place of the hald spots a find growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn red or towy hair dark, and restore grass hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth, and flexible. The "Discrett" is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any a unideration he without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article. without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article, in the United States, to whom all orders must be ad-

dressed.

Price Uno Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists and Dealers; or a box of the "tuguent" (warranted to have the desired effect) will be sent to any who desire it, by mail (htreet.) securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, \$1 18.

Apply to or address
HORACE L. HEGEMAN & CO.,

DRUGGISTS &C.,

23 William Street, New York feb23 w&t-u6m.

HELMBOLD'S GIGUINE PREPARATION

OF
IHGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID
EXTRACT EUCHU.

For Diseases of the Bludder, Kidneys, Gravel
Deopsy, Weokinesses, Obstractions, Secret
Diseases of the Second Organs,
Arising from Frenses and Improduces in Life,
and removing all Improper Inscharges from the
Bladder, Kidneys, or Sexual Organs, whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE, From whatever cause they may have originated, and NO MATTER OF HOW LONG STANDING, Giving Health and Vigarto the Frame, and Bloom to the Pallid Chark.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED!!!

It cures Nervous and Debilitated Sufferers, and removes all the Symptoms, among which will be found Indisposition

to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Ereathing, General Weakness, Horror of Dispasse, Weak Nerves, Frembling, Dreadful Herror of Deeth, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dinness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, often Enormous Appetite; with Despetite Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Counterance, and Empti in so in the Face, Pain in the Head, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, Frequently Black Spots Flying before the cycs, with temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness, with Horror of Society. Nothing is more Desirable to such patients than Solitude, and nothing they more dread than feartfor themselves; no repose in manner, in earnestness, no speculation but a hurried transition for another.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on—whi

tien from one question
to another.
These symptoms, if allowed to go en-whi
this medicine invariably reproves—soon follows lose
of Power, Fati Ty, and Epileptic Fits, in one
of which the patient may expire. Who ean say
that these excesses are not frequently followed by
those direful diseases—Insanity and Consumption?
The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by Consumptions. In linearic
insylums, the most melancholy exhibition appears,
the countenance is actually sodden and quite destitute. Neither Wirth or Grief over visits it. Should
a sound of the voice occur, it is rarefy articulate,
"With weeful measures wan despoir.

"With woeful measures wan despair, Low sullen sounds his griol beguiled." Debility is most terrible! and has brought thousands upon thousands to untimely graves, thus blasting the ambition of many nuoble youth. It can be cured by the use of this

INFALLIBLE REFIEDY.

If you are suffering with any of the above distressing nilments, the Fluid Extract BITHIN will cure you. Try it, and here envinced of its ellicacy. Bowers of Quack Nestranes and Quack Ductors, who fatsely boast of abilities and references. Citizons know and avoid them, and save Long Suffering Money, and Expesure, by sending or calling for a bottle of this Pepular and SPECIFIC REMEDY.

It allows all pain and inflammation, is perfectly pleasant in its taste and odor, but immediate in action.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU Is prepared directly necording to the Rules of FHARMACY AND CHEMISTRY.

with the greatest acceracy, and chemical knowledge, and care devoted in is combination. See Professor Igwess' Valuable Works on the Practice of Physic, and most of the late standard Works on Medicine.

The mass of VOLUNTARY TESTIBONY in possession of the Proprietor voneling its virtues and curative powers is immense, embracing names well known to SCIENCE AND FAME.

"Personally appeared before me, analderman of the ty of Philadelphia, H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist, ho, being only sworn, does say, that his prepara-m contains no Narcotte, Mercury, or injurious Drug, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMEOLD, Sole Manufacturer.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of November, 1854.

WM. B. HIBBERD, Alderman."

Price \$1 per Bottle, or Six for \$5, Delivered to any Address.

Accompanied by reliable and responsible Certificates from Professors of Medical Colleges, Clergymen, and others.

and others.
Prepared and sold by II. T. HELMBOLD,
Practical & Analytical Chemist,
No. 52 South 10th Street, below Chestnut, Assembly
Buildings, Philadelphia, Pa.
To be had of all Druggists and Dealers
Provinces.

Provinces.

TREMARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

Ask for Helmbold's—Take no otberl

CURES GUARANTEED.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a Conga or Common Cold" in its first stage; that which in the Deginning would jield to a mild remedy, if neglected, soon attacks the lungs. "Browns Browns without injuring the constitution. It is the only safe and sure preventative against Preparacy and Disease. The above acticle can be sent by mail to any part of the United States or Canada, two for \$1 and \$5 per dozon.

DR. 43. W. BOND'S FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.

Those Pills are the acticle can be sent by the control of the United States or Canada, two for \$1 and \$5 per dozon.

DR. 44. W. BOND'S FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. and \$5 per dozen.

DR, G, W, BOND'S FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.
These Pills are the only medicine married or single ladies can rely upon with safety and certainty for the immediate removal of Obstructions, irregularities, cic. They should not be used during Pregnancy.
Price \$2 per box. Each hox contains \$2 pills. Sent by mail

by mail.

The Doctor can be consulted on all diseases of a private nature. Selectific treatment, a gnick cure and moderate chacege goaranteed.

TROCHES tressing labor of breathing peculi to ASTUMA."

BROWN'S REV. A. C. EGGLES

"Contain no Opium or anything introches treet, N. Y. Established in 1-32.

BROWN'S REV. A. C. EGGLES

"Contain no Opium or anything introches jurious."

TROCHES jurious."

ER. A. A. HAYES.

Chemist, Bosto

Notice

Hanlan, C. H., Kentucky, October 13, 1860. October 13, 1860.

COMMITTED to the Jail of Harlan county on the 9th inst. two likely negro men, calling themselves Henry Tate and And, Fineastle, Henry is about 29 years old, about 5 teet 10 inches high, weighs 165 or 70 pounds; says he came from Grannger, Tennessee, and belonged to a man by the name of Whitesides, at Bean Station, in soid county. Henry is of a copper color, very sensible, and snys he is a black-smith by trade. And, is about 6 feet high; weighs 175 or 80 pounds; has on whickers, his neck and under his chin is very rough and bump; of a copper color, and says he came from the same county and State, and belonged to a man by the name of Fineastle, at Rutledge. The owners of said slaves are hereby requested to come forward, prove said slaves, pay expenses, and take them. penses, and take them.

HEZEKIAH JENNINGS,

oet26 w6m Jailer of Harlan County

Glad News for the Unfortunate!

THE LONG SOUTHE FOR



CHEROKEE REMEDY!

An unfailing Specific for all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, and a General Alter-ative and Blood Purifier. THIS "REMEDY" CURES WHEN

Whites in Females, for this complaint it is invalable.

IF As a general alterative and blood purifer it as no equal, and does not fail to eure SCROFULA, ECONICARA SYPHILLS, GLANDULARSWELLKGS, MERCURIAL and ALL EREPTIVE DISASES, eneing them more specify and permanently an any other ned cine known. It does this by purifying and cleasing the blood! Causing it to ow in all its original purity and vigor, thus removing from the system all unpure and permicious causes lich time induced disease.

In this we halled all medical skill, it is especially accommended—in old cases if generalizing and remain positively removes all scalding heat, charden and print.

Ph does not affect the breath, or interfere with

ny class of business.

If trequires massistance from other medicine,

It requires massistance from other medicine,

It can lay on the Toilet-table, or in the Count
g Room, without its ever being suspected as a

remedy for private discase.

I A Treatise on Venercal Discusos, with full
irections for their permanent cure, accompanying

to bottle. each bottle.

If For full particulars get a Circular free from any Drug store in the United States.

If Fit is noted at Intail \$2 per Bottle, or three Bottles for \$5, by all responsible Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the United States, and at wholesale by all Wholesale Druggists.

TOTTER & MERWIN, Sofe Proprietors,

Memphis, Term.

Sold in Frankfort by W. H. Averill and J. M. Mills Wilson Peter & Co., and Raymond & Tyler, Louisville, Wholesale Agents.

MOFFAT'S

Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters. MIESE MEITCINES have now been before the public for a period of THIRTY YEARS, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the Globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearlevery kind of disease to which the human trame is limble. The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the

VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES Are well known to be infallible.

DYSPUPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile, instead of the state and acrid kind; FLATI LENCY, LOSS OF APPETITE, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, RESTLESSNESS, LL-TEMPER, ANXIETY, LANGTOR, and MELANCHOLY, which are the general symptoms of D. spepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COST VENESS, by cleansing the whole length the intestines with a solvent process, and without olence; all violent purges leave the bowels costing THE WEITS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to regular circulation, through the process of respiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all meetinal obstruction in others.

The LIFE MEDICINES have been known to euro 121111 to VIIN 22 permanenth in three weeks, and GOUT in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of that indicates DROPSIES of all kinds, by freeing and strength-ing the kidness and bladder; they operate most eligntfull; on these important organs, and hence ave ever been found a certaity remedy for the worst axes of GIAVEL. Also WORMS, by dislodging from the turnings if the bowels the sliny matter to which these crea-press a here.

tures a there.
SCIRYY, I LCERS, and INVETERATE SORIS, by the perfect purity which these
LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood, and all the

rees. P1LIN.=-The original proprietor of these Medi-mes, was cured of Pules, of 35 years standing by the

mes, was cured of Piles of 35 years standing by the se of the LIFE MEDICINES abone.

FEVUER AND AGIE.—For this scourge of la Western country, these Medicines will be found sale, speedy, and certain remedy. Other medicines are the system subject to a return of the diseases are care by these medicines is permanent—TRY III M. HE SATISFIED, AND HE CLIEB. PLAINTS,—GENERAL DEBLITY, LOSS OF APPETITE, and DISEASS OF FEMALES—the Medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description: ktoss Evil, and Scropetia, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. Night Swents, Nervous Debitty, Nervous Complaints, of all kinds, Palpitas, and Hoart Painters, Palic, are speedily cured on of the theart, Painters' Colic, are speedily cur

ost powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla, Prepared and sold by W. B. MOFFAT, 335 Brondway, New York, FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, In-fluenza, any Irritation or Sors-ness of the Throat, Relieve the Hacking Cough in Consemp-tion, Bronchitis, Asthma, & Cataurh, Clear& give strength to the voice of PUCLIC SPEAKORS,

and SINGERS.

BROWN'S "Irecommend their use to PUBLI SPEAKERS." TROCRES "Great service in subduing floars
BROWN'S NESS." REV. DANIEL WISE BROWN'S NESS."

REV. DANIEL WISE.

Almost instant relief in the di

TROCHES tressing labor of breatbing peculi

BROWN'S "A simple and ple ant combination for Cours, &c."

DR. G. F. BIGELOW, TROCHES BROWN'S Beneficial in BRONCHITIS,"
DR. J. F. W. LANE,

BROWN'S "I have proved them excellent for WHOOFING COLOR" REV. II. W. WARREN, TROCHES "Beneficial when compelled te speak suffering from Calb."

BROWN'S REV. S.J. P. ANDERSON. TROCHES "Effect Calin removing Hourseness and Irritation of the Throat, so com-BROWN'S men with Speakers and Singeas."

Frof. M. STACY JOHNSTO.

TROCHES

TROCHES

Teacher of Music, Southern Female t'ollege.

BROWN'S "Great benefit when taken before and after preaching, as they prevent lloarseness. From their past effect, TROCHES I thinkthey will be of a permanent adventure to me."

A LL persons indebted to the estate of Dr. C. G.
Phythian, deceased, are requested to come forward and settle immediatel; and those having claims against said estate, are requested to present them for adjustment.

OFFICIAL.

Proclamation by the Governor. Whereas, The following resolutions, viz Whereas, Kentucky has been invaded by the forces of the so-called Confederate States,

bled for the purpose of preserving the tran-quility of the State, and of defending and pro-treting the people of Kentucky in the peaceful enjoyment of their lives and property, it is— 2. Further resolved. That General Robert

3. Resolved, That in using the means which dity and honor require shall be used to expel the invaders from the soil of Kentucky, no citizen shall be molested on account of his political opinions; that no citizens' property shall be taken or confiscated because of such opinions, nor shall any slave be set free by any military commander, and that all peaceable citizens and their families are cutied to, and shall receive the fullest protection of the Government in the enjoyment of their of their pay, to be taken and considered us part of their pay,

of Kentucky, the Governor's objections thereto to the contrary notwithstanding, and are therefore the law of the land, I do hereby issue this my proclamation, enjoining all officers and citizens of this State to render obedience to all be paid the value of the horse, not exceeding one the requirements of said resolutions, and in obedience thereto, I have ordered Gen. Thomas L. Crittenden to execute the purposes contemplated by said resolutions; and I hereby require all citizens of Kentucky subject to military duty to obey the call which the said of the said of the lorse, not exceeding one that the value of the lorse, not exceed the value of the value of the lorse, not exceed the value of the valu Gen. Crittenden may make upon them in accordance with the provisions of said resolu-

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.
THOS. B. MONROE, jr., Secretary of State.
By Jas. W. Tate, Assistant Secretary.

Proclamation by the Governor. WHEREAS, The following act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the commonwealth of the commonwealth eral Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, cordially approved by me on the 20th instant, is the law of the land, I think proper, in the exercise of my executive duties, to make the same promptly known to the public, as I do hereby, and I do carnestly enjoin all citizens and residents of this State to be obedient to all the requirements thereof, to the end that the humane and noble purposes of the Legishture may be faithfully effected. The said act of the General Assembly is as follows: of the General Assembly is as follows:

willing, and ready to interpose her triendily mediation in adjusting terms of peace and re-conciliation alike honorable and just to all; but as her wishes to mediate and restore harmony may not avail at present, and it is desirable that the people in the meantime, should act in harmony, and be at peace between hostile armies shall take place within our territory, that it is most earnestly recommended to the people of Kentucky not
to engage in said strife among t themselves,
on account of differences of political opinions;
that it is the duty of the people to be obedient to the civil authorities, and respect in
times of trag as well as people all the south times of war as well as peace, all the rights guaranteed to every citizen by the Constitution and laws of the land, that ull good citizens however they may differ in political opinions, should unite in protecting each other in their rights, of life, liberty, and property, against all and every invasion thereof by unlawful raids, mobs, marauding bands or other evil disposed, persons, and aid the civil au-

thorities in arresting all such persons and bringing them before the courts for trial. Resolved. That we, the Representatives of the present General Assembly hereby pledge ourselves to a strict observance of the foregoing resolutions, and earnestly recommend like observance by all the people of the State

of Kentucky. In testimony whereof, I, BERIAH

L. S. MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, have hereunto subscribed my name and caused the seal of the State to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 23d day of September, in the year of our Lord, 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN. THO. B. MONROE, Jr., Secretary of State. By JAS. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

Proclamation by the Governor. In obedience to the subjoined joint resolution, adopted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Government of the Confederate States, the State of Tennessee, and all others concerned, are hereby informed that "Kentucky expects the Confederate, or Tennessee troops, to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally.

In testimony whereof, I have here-L. S. anto set my imme, and caused the fixed. Done at Frankfort, this the 13th day of September, A. D. 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.

Thos. B. Monroe, Jr., See'y of State.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. That His Excellency, Gov. Magoffin, be, and he is hereby, instructed to interm those concerned that Kentucky expects the Confederate, or Tennessectroops, to he with frawn from her soil unconditionally.

OFFICE OF THE MILITARY BOARD

FRANKFORT, Oct. 12, 1861. THE Commanding General in the State of Kentrucky have decided, in concurrence with the General Government, to seeept no treops except those enlisted for three years, unless sooner discharged, this bland has decided to incur no farther expense about recruiting twelve months men. All such recruits will therefore be instantly dishanded, unless they will consent to be mustered into the service for three years.

J. B. TEMPLE.

Prisident Military Board.

All customers, that having required his health, he has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. Hodges the Bindery has been purchased hack from A. G. H

OFFICIAL.

Proclamation by the Governor. WHEREAS, the following Act. to-wit:

An act to raise rolunteer forces to repel the inrathe forces of the so-called Confederate States, and the commanders of the forces so invading the State have insolently prescribed the conditions upon which they will withdraw, thus insulting the dignity of the State by demanding terms to which Kentucky cannot listen without dishonor; therefore, without dishonor; therefore,

1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. That the inviders must be expelled; inasmuch as there are now in Kentucky Federal troops assembly in Kentucky Federal troops assembly in Kentucky, between the ages of eighteen and eitizens of Kentucky, between the ages of eighteen and eitizens of Kentucky, between the ages of eighteen and eitizens of Kentucky, between the ages of eighteen and eitizens of Kentucky, between the ages of eighteen and eitizens of Kentucky, between the ages of eighteen and eitizens of Kentucky.

Anderson, a untive Kentuckian, who has been appointed to the command of the Department of Cumberland, be requested to take instant command, with authority and power from this Commonwealth to call out a volunteer force in Kentucky for the purpose of repelling the invaders from our soil.

3. Resolved, That in using the means which dity and honor require shall be used to expel

thed to, and shall receive the fullest protection of the Government in the enjoyment of their lives, their liberties and their property.

4. Resolved, That Ilis Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, be requested to give all the aid in his power to accomplish the end desired by these resolutions, and that he call out so much of the military force of the State under his command, as may be necessary therefor, and that he place the same under the command of Gen. Thomas L. Crittenden.

5. Resolved, That the patriotism of every Kentuckian is invoked, and is confidently relied upon to give active aid in the defense of the Commonwealth.

Have this day been passed by both Houses of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Governor's objections therefor the the general Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Governor's objections therefor to the general Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Governor's objections therefor the tentuckian distributions and their property.

5. That the forces to be raised and organized, as provided into service, be under the command of the General commanding the State forces in the field.

5. That the forces to be raised and organized, as provided into service, be under the command of the General commanding the State forces in the field.

5. That the Governor be also authorized to dituous to the forty thousand men provided for by this act, one thousand to be used as sharp shooters and scouts, and five hundred men, in addition to the forty thousand men provided for by this act, one thousand to be used as sharp shooters and scouts, and five hundred men, in addition to the forty thousand men provided for by this act, one thousand to be used as sharp shooters and scouts, and five hundred men, in addition to the forty thousand men provided for by this act, one thousand to be used as sharp shooters and scouts, and five hundred men, in addition to the forty thousand men provided for by this act, one thousand one provided for by this act, one five d

commanding.
§ 5. That the Governor is nuthorized to ac-In testimony whereof, I. BERIAH | \$ 6. That the Governor is nuthorized to accept the services of squadrons, battalions, and regiments, when tendered as such, and commission the officers elected by the squadrons, battalions in the officers elected by the squadrons, but also the object of the squadrons of the squadrons of the object hereunto subscribed my name and caused the seal of the State to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 20th day of September, in the year of our Lord 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By MACOEFIN purpose; and such justice or judge shall certify to the Military Board the names of the officers elected, and for what office each is elected, and thereupon said Board, if they approve the proceedings, shall certify to the Governor the names of the officers elected, and what office they have

§ 10. The troops raised under this act shall be Resolutions providing for the peace and quiet of the ettizene of this Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, The people of Kentucky have, from the beginning, ardently desired and still cherish the hope that they miny not be involved in the unanthral, prevailing rivil strife that Kentucky is now, as she ever has been, willing, and ready to interpose her triendily. the troops so raised, they shall be officered accord-

ing to existing laws.

§ 11. This act to be of force from its passage. Has this day been passed by both houses of he General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Governor's objections thereto the contrary notwithstanding, and is among themselves, so that if they shall be involved in war, they will as far as possible, relieve and palliate its calamities; therefore the law of the land. Now, therefore, I, do hereby issue this, my therefore, I, do hereby issue this, my Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kenlucky, That il collisions

>] wealth of Kentucky, have hereunto subscribed my name and caused the al of the State to bo affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 80th day of September, in the year of our Lord 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth. By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN. Thos. B. Monroe, Jr. Secretary of State.

L. S. Magoffin, Governor of the Common-

In testimony whereof, I, Beriah

By Jas. W. Tate, Assistant Secretary. LOOK AT THIS M. L. PIERSON, Manufacturer of and Dealer in CHOICE CONFECTIONARIES.

(At the old Stand of T. P. Pierson.) THANKFUL for the very liberal patronnge I bave received since the above Establishment una opened, I have to say that an exertion on my part shall be wanting to supply the increasing demand for Cakes, Candy, Pyramids, Ice Cream, &c., on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.

IFF are also Agent for Clark's revolving Looper Sewing tachines—one of the best and cheapest Machines new in use. Price \$28.00; Hemmer \$5.00 extra. extra.

117 ce! lee! lee!—the greatest accommodation yet—enn be had at my Confectionary at any time from 5 c'clock, A. M. until 9 c'clock, P. M. mar?7 w&t-wtf

M. D. PIERSON.

St. Clair St., Frankfort, Ky.,

SOMETHING NEW! Deguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Photographes, and Ivorytypes.

H. L. Goodwin,

TAKES pleasure in informs the public that he has roturned to Frankfort, and taken the Gallary of C A. Clarke, adjoining the Telegraph Office, and that he would be pleased to wait on those wishing perfect Likenesses of themselves or friends; he is confident he will be able to please the most astidious in any kind of pioture they may desire, from a life-size potrait to the smallest Daguerreotype, or Ambrotype Also, Daguerreotypes of deceased persons enlarged to the size of Life und Colered in Oil and satisfaction given.

enlarged to the size of Life and Colered in Oil and satisfaction given.

I nut also prepared to make those gents of Photography, the Daguerreotype, which is truly the most durable small picture yet produced.

The Iverytype, (made only at this Gallery, is acknowledged by all to be the most henutiful style of Photographic picture ever presented to the public. In brilliancy of fone and color, delicacy of finish, correctness of likeness, and durability, it is far superior to the host minature on Ivery.

Call and See

i)3 w&t-wtf Call and See.

BOOK BINDING.

A. C. KEENON informs his friends and former customers, that having regained his health, ho has purchased back from A. G. Hodges the Bindery sold to him in November last, and will give his whole attention to its management. He respectfully licits a continuance of the patronage heretofore tended to the establishment.

IF CLERKS will be furnished with RECOMD BOOKS ruled to any pattern, and of the very best quality of paper.